

FACULTY	: Science
DEPARTMENT	: Biotechnology and Food Technology
<u>CAMPUS</u>	: DFC
MODULE	: BTN7X05/BTN1YD4/MCB41-1 Advanced Molecular Biotechnology
<u>SEMESTER</u>	: First & Second

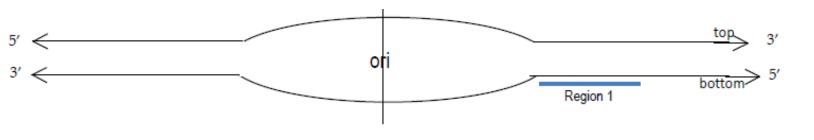
START DATE	27 October 2020 :8am	DUE DATE	: 29 October 4pm
ASSESSOR(S)	DR MH Serepa- : Dlamini	<u></u>	
EXTERNAL MODERATOR	: Prof A. Samie		
DURATION	:3 Days	MARKS	: 100

NUMBER OF PAGES: 9 PAGES

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Number your answers clearly.
- 2. Please submit a typed exam.
- 3. You have 3 days to write this exam.
- 4. Submit on 29 October 2020 4pm through email to Dr MH Serepa-Dlamini and post a copy of your submission on Turn it in earlier or 30 minutes before due time.
- 5. All the Best.

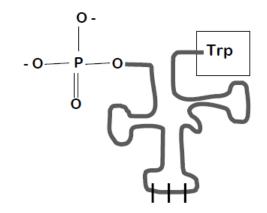
1.1. Consider the following origin of replication that is found on a chromosome. The sequence of region 1 is shown below.



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Region 1: 5'...CTGACTGACA...3'
3'...GACTGACTGT...5'
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- a) Within Region 1, which strand will be the template for leading strand synthesis, the top or the bottom? (2)
- b) If we assume that a lagging strand fragment is made from region 1, what will be its sequence? (5)
- c) You examine DNA replication in an *Escherichia coli* mutant, which has a partially defective DNA polymerase. In vitro experiments using the mutant DNA polymerase gives an error rate of 10⁻³, as compared to the expected error rate of 10⁻⁶. Which of the following activities is the mutant polymerase likely to be missing, as compared to the normal polymerase? Write down all that apply. (2)
 - $5' \rightarrow 3'$ polymerase $3' \rightarrow 5'$ exonuclease
 - $5' \rightarrow 3'$ exonuclease $3' \rightarrow 5'$ polymerase
 - $5' \rightarrow 3'$ recombinase $3' \rightarrow 5'$ recombinase

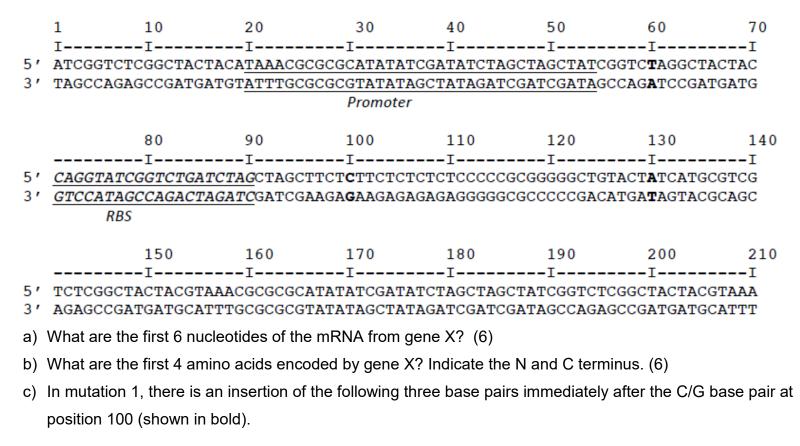
d) Below is a schematic of the molecule that inserts the fourth amino acid **W** into the mutant polymerase.



- i. This schematic represents a _____. (2)
- ii. What is the anticodon for this diagram? (2)
- iii. What is the nucelotide attached to Trp (2)

[15]

2.1. Below are 210 consecutive base pairs of DNA that includes only the beginning of the sequence of gene X. The underlined sequence (from position 20-54) represents the promoter for gene X and the underlined and italicized sequence (from position 71-90) encodes the gene X ribosome binding (RBS) site. Transcription begins at and includes the T/A base pair at position 60 (bold).



5' TGT 3' 3' ACA 5'

- i. Would the mRNA expressed from this version of gene X be longer, shorter, or the same as that produced from the normal gene X? Explain and if longer or shorter, indicate by how many in bases.(2)
- ii. If the mRNA can be translated,
 - Would you expect the protein to be longer, shorter, or the same as that produced from the normal gene X? If longer or shorter, indicate by how many in amino acids.(2)
 - Do you expect that the protein produced will have the same function as the normal protein X? Explain your thinking. (2)
- d) In mutation 2, there is an insertion of the following four base pairs immediately after the A/T base pair at position 130 (shown in bold).
 - 5' ATGT 3' 3' TACA 5'
 - i. Would the mRNA expressed from this version of gene X be longer, shorter, or the same as that produced from the normal gene X? Explain and if longer or shorter, indicate by how many in bases.(2)
 - ii. If the mRNA can be translated,
 - 1) What are the first four amino acids produced?Indicate the N and C terminus. (6)

- 2) Would you expect the protein to be longer, shorter, or the same as that produced from the normal gene X? If longer or shorter, indicate by how many in amino acids. (2)
- 3) Do you expect that the protein produced will have the same function as the normal protein X? Explain your thinking. (4) [32]

The gene sequence below runs in the 5'---3' direction and codes for the bacterial ATP synthase subunit beta AtpD protein.

- 1 gtgtacagcg ctcttgaggt taagaatggt gatgctcgtc tggtgcttga agttcagcag 61 cagctqqqtq qtqqcqtaqt qcqtactatc qccatqqqta cttctqacqq cctqaaqcqc 121 ggtctggaag ttgccgacct gaaaaaaccg atccaggtac cggttggtaa agcaaccctc 181 ggccgtatca tgaacgtgct gggcgagcct atcgacatga aaggcgacct gaaagaagaa 241 gatggcagtg cagtagaggt ttcctctatt caccgccctg cgccttctta tgaagagcag 301 tetaactege aggaactget ggaaacegge atcaaggtta tegacetgat gtgteegtte 361 gcgaagggcg gtaaagtcgg tctgttcggt ggtgcgggtg tgggtaaaac cgtaaacatg 421 atggagetga teegtaacat tgeggetgag caeteaggtt aeteggtatt tgeeggegtg 481 ggtgagcgta ctcgtgaggg taacgacttc taccacgaaa tgactgactc caacgttatc 541 gacaaagttg cgctggtgta tggccagatg aacgagccgc cgggtaaccg tctgcgcgtt 601 gcactgaccg gtctgaccat ggcggagaaa ttccgtgatg aaggccgtga cgttctgctg 661 ttcatcgaca acatctaccg ttataccctg gccggtacag aagtctctgc actgctgggt 721 cgtatgccat ctgcggtagg ttatcagcca acgctggcag aagagatggg tgtgttgcag 781 gagcgtatta cctccaccaa aaccggttca atcacctccg tacaggccgt ttacgtccct 841 gcggatgacc tgactgaccc gtcaccggca accacctttg ctcacttaga ctcaacagtc 901 accetgagee gteagatege etetetgggt atetaceeag eegttgatee getggaetea 961 accagccgtc agctggatcc actggttgtg ggtcaggagc actacgatgt tgcacgtggc 1021 gtacagtcac tgctgcagcg ttatcaggaa
- 3.1. Design primers to amplify the gene. (6)
- 3.2. Calculate the Tm for each primer. (3)
- 3.3. Determine the suitable annealing temperature. (2)
- 3.4. Why do we subtract 5 °C when determining the annealing temperature? (2)
- 3.5. What is the expected PCR product length in bp? (2)
- 3.6. Which step follows annealing during PCR? (2)

The following questions are about BLAST which can be found on the NCBI website.

- 4.1. You have a DNA sequence and you wish to search for other DNA sequences to find one that encodes the same or similar protein. Which of the four Basic Blast programs should you use? (2)
- 4.2. You have a protein sequence and you wish to know what other proteins look like it. Which of the four Basic Blast programs should you use? (2)
- 4.3. You have DNA and you wish to find other DNA sequences that look like it. Which of the four Basic Blast programs should you use? (2)
- 4.4. You have protein sequence and you wish to search DNA databases to find genes that encode a similar protein. Which of the four Basic Blast programs should you use? (2)
- 4.5. BLAST search this accession number [DQ859805] and state which gene it is and from what species. (4) [12]

- 5.1. The following DNA template strand was utilized in a Sanger sequencing experiment, 5` AATTGCGTCAGTCGTA 3`. Using the technique behind Sanger sequencing:
 - a) Write down the ALL the fragments which will result from the tube with ddGTP. (3)
 - b) Write down the sequence of the larger fragment from the answer in a). (1)
 - c) Indicate all the fragments from the experiment on a gel drawing, provide accurate illustrations with labels and indicate the reading of the bands from the 5` to 3`. (8)
 - d) Where does the primer anneal on the above strand and why? (2)
 - e) Outline the steps of PCR and briefly explain each step. (10) [24]