

**FACULTY** : LAW

**<u>DEPARTMENT</u>** : MERCANTILE LAW

CAMPUS : APK

MODULE : LLM TRADE MARK LAW (TML9X0C)

**SEMESTER** : FIRST

**EXAM** : SUPPLEMENTAL

**DATE** 13 JULY 2020 **SESSION** : 10:00-16:00

**ASSESSOR** PROF RW ALBERTS

**EXTERNAL** 

**MODERATOR** PROF E HURTER

**DURATION** 6 HOURS **MARKS** : 100

NUMBER OF PAGES: 2

## **INSTRUCTIONS**:

- 1 Your answers must be substantiated in detail.
- 2 Submit the answers on Blackboard and email to walberts@uj.ac.za
- This is an open-book examination. You may use any materials but are not allowed to share information with other students.
- 4 You are not allowed to be in contact with other students.
- Your answers will be tested for plagiarism in general and in respect of the answers of other students.

- 6 Do not copy and paste from any sources. Answers must be provided in your own words.
- 7 Use quotation marks where literally quoting from sources.
- You are welcome to contact the lecturer by WhatsApp (0823769275) during the examination.
- 9 Save your work frequently.

#### **QUESTION 1**

Analyse section 5(4)(a) of the British Trade Marks Act of 1994 with reference to case law and compare it with the position in South Africa.

Discuss the Caspian Pizza case.

[20]

# **QUESTION 2**

A has trade mark applications in classes 25 and 28, for clothing and games respectively. B has a registration in class 35 for retail services. Can B oppose A's applications? Also point out the reach of a retail registration.

Discuss the Foschini case, and the article by Alberts,

[20]

## **QUESTION 3**

X has a registration for a shopping centre called MELVILLE CITY. Analyse the validity of this registration having regard to British and South African case law.

Discuss the Century City case.

[20]

#### **QUESTION 4**

Give a critical review of the decision in <u>Yuppiechef Holdings (Pty) Ltd v Yuppie</u> <u>Gadgets Holdings (Pty) Ltd</u> [2016] ZASCA 118.

Discuss the case.

<u>[20]</u>

# **QUESTION 5**

Some case law is to the effect that a small degree of resemblance between marks can be offset by a large degree of similarity between the goods concerned. Do you agree? Motivate your answer by referring to academic writers.

Refer to the article by Kelbrick.

[20]

**TOTAL: 100**