

PROGRAM : BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

(MINING ENGINEERING)

SUBJECT : **MINING 3A**

CODE : MINMNA3

DATE : 17 JULY 2019

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

<u>DURATION</u> : 3 HOURS (15H00 - 18H00)

TOTAL MARKS : 100

EXAMINERS : T MMOLA

MODERATOR : S NHLEKO

NUMBER OF PAGES : 3 PAGES incl. COVER PAGE

REQUIREMENTS

- 1. ONE SCIENTIFIC CALCULATOR
- 2. ONE ANSWER SCRIPT

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS
- 2. UNDERLINE AFTER EACH QUESTION
- 3. SUBMIT YOUR QUESTION PAPER WITH THE ANSWER SCRIPT

QUESTION 1

1.1 Discuss the importance of the cycles of unit operations of mining and how they contribute to the overall efficiency of the system in which they are utilised. (20)

[20]

(8)

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Name the operating components of a drilling system and state the purpose of each component.
- 2.2 Discuss the rotation drilling and percussive drilling methods. (10)
- 2.3 What affects drilling cycle time? (4)
- 2.4 Propose problems that may arise from inaccurate drilling with respect to the following: (10)
 - (a) Drill hole length
 - (b) Drill hole direction
 - (c) Drill hole angle
 - (d) Drill hole diameter
- 2.5 What are the most important drill performance parameters to be considered in drill selection?

[36]

(4)

QUESTION 3

3.1 You are the new mining engineer at a large open pit copper mine. Mining will be in hard but competent rock and in wet conditions. The mine is using a DTH percussion drill rig with 106mm drill bit. Excavation will be done with a hydraulic shovel that has a maximum reach of 12m. The manager requires you to design a blast pattern for the mine. Design the blast pattern for the mine using "rules-of-thumb". (12)

| 3.4 How would you alter your design to achieve the other two types of blast patterns? (2) 3.5 Assuming bulk emulsion explosives with a density of 1.2g/cc will be used, what is the quantity of explosives, in kilograms, required per hole? (7) OUESTION 4 A development heading has a 5.0m x 5.5m profile and a planned advance per blast of 3.0m. The in-situ rock density is 2.7t/m3 and swell factor is 1.4. The mine utilises a homogeneous fleet of LHDs with a bucket capacity of 6m³. The mine procedure states that only one LHD may operate in a heading. The LHD takes on average 50 seconds to load, 6 minutes to travel to the tipping point, 20 seconds to dump at the tip and 4 minutes to return to the face. You may assume a LHD bucket fill factor of 92%. 4.1 Determine the total time to clean one development heading considering a 60 seconds delay in each cycle time. (7) 4.2 Determine the hourly production rate per LHD (3) 4.3 The LHD has an average availability of 70%. Explain what is 'availability' and give two factors that influence equipment availability. (4) | 3.2 | Provide a plan and section view of the design. (not to scale) | (8) |
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| TOTAL [100] | | | [14] |
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