

FACULTY/COLLEGE	College of Business and Economics
SCHOOL	School of Tourism and Hospitality
DEPARTMENT	Hospitality Management
CAMPUS(ES)	APB
MODULE NAME	FOOD AND BEVERAGE STUDIES 1
MODULE CODE	FBS1BB1
SEMESTER	Second
ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITY,	Final Summative Assessment (Main)
MONTH AND YEAR	November 2019

ASSESSMENT DATE	09 November 2019	SESSION	08:30 – 10:30	
ASSESSOR(S)	Mr AD Brain and Mrs EA Sao Joao			
MODERATOR(S)	Ms A Melani			
DURATION	2 hours (120 min)	TOTAL MARKS	100	

NUMBER OF PAGES OF QUESTION PAPER (Including cover page)	9
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INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS:

- This is a closed-book assessment.
- Non-programmable calculators are permitted only one per candidate
- Question papers must be handed in.
- Answer each section in separate answer scripts.
- Read the questions carefully and answer only what is required.
- Number your answers clearly and correctly as per the question paper.
- Write neatly and legibly on both sides of the paper in the answer book, starting on the first page.
- The general University of Johannesburg policies, procedures and rules pertaining to written assessments apply to this assessment.

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SECTION A: FOOD AND BEVERAGE STUDIES (Mr Brain)

[50]

QUESTION 1

[10]

Variables in foodservice operations are classified in three (3) major groups, namely Organisational, Customer Experience, and Performances Measures. Discuss five (5) **Performance Measure Variables**.

QUESTION 2

[8]

Discuss the role of the Food & Beverage Manager in a large hotel.

OUESTION 2

QUESTION 3 [5]

The food and beverage industry is a where many things can go wrong with the delivery of food and beverage products. Customers expect a certain standard from a food and beverage outlet and will often complain when things are not to their satisfaction. Describe in the correct order the five (5) steps taken when dealing with a customer complaint.

QUESTION 4 [6]

In your bar you have the following ingredients:

Bell's Whisky, Blue Curaçao, Orange Juice, Smirnoff Vodka, Cream, Green Crème de Menthe, Galliano, Lemons, Grenadine, Drambuie, Amaretto, White Crème de Cacao, Lemonade and Kahlua.

Name six (6) cocktails that can be made using any of the above-mentioned ingredients (All garnished are available).

QUESTION 5 [6]

Describe the three (3) methods used to add flavour to the base spirit in the production of liqueurs

FOOD AND STUDIES I

FBS1BB1

2019/11/09

SECTION B: FOOD COSTING (Mrs Sao Joao)

[50]

QUESTION 1

[20]

Multiple choice questions: Select one (1) correct answer for each of the following. In 1.1 your answer booklet, write down only the number of the question and, next to it, the letter of the correct answer. (12)

The figures that Karabo needs to work within F&B are as follows:

Sales	R880,000.00
Food cost	41.8%
Labour cost	28.5%
Overhead	20.3%

1.1.1	How	much did Karabo spend on food?	(1
	a)	R316 560.00	,
	b)	R336 560.00	
	c)	R356 560.00	
	d)	R367 840.00	
1.1.2	Whic	ch from the list below is NOT a labour cost?	(1
	a)	Training and medical insurance	
	b)	Safety shoes and vehicle maintenance	
	c)	Staff meals and maternity leave	
	d)	Employee recruitment costs and UIF	
1.1.3	The	gross profit percentage is	(1
	a)	48.8%	
	b)	39.5%	
	c)	68.8%	
	d)	58.2%	
1.1.4	in sy	ympathy' refers to	(1
	a)	Fluctuating costs like rent	
	b)	Fixed costs like food cost	
	c)	semi variable costs like water and electricity	
	d)	Variable costs like part time employees	

1.1.5 Net profit is ... a)

(1)

- 9.4%
- b) Revenue – expenses
- R82 720.00 c)
- All of the above d)

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1.1.6	A manag	ger's operation achieved R750,000 in sales last year. For nex	t year, the
		predicts a 4% increase in sales. What is the manager's sales for	•
	next yea	•	(1)
	•	04,000	()
		30,000	
		69,000	
	d. R88	32,000	
1.1.7	An opera	ation's expenses are the	(1)
		umber of guests it serves.	()
		ales revenue generated by the business.	
		sts of the items required to operate the business.	
	d. mo	oney that remain after all costs have been paid.	
1.1.8	When sigr	nificant variations from planned results occur, foodservice manag	ers must (1)
	a. tal	ke corrective action, determine the cause, and identify the proble	
		entify the problem, take corrective action, and determine the caus	
	c. de	etermine the cause, identify the problem, and take corrective action	n.
	d. ide	entify the problem, determine the cause, and take corrective action	n.
1.1.9	If the oper	ning stock of beef cubes was 12.820 kg, issues amount to 11.590	kg with
	purchase	es of 12.957 kg. What will the closing stock of beef cubes be?	(1)
	a. 37,0	067 kg	
	b. 13,2	287 kg	
	c. 12,6	657 kg	
	d. 14, ²	187 kg	
1.1.10) What is t	he most accurate way to determine the amount of ingredients to	be used
	in standa	ardized recipes?	(1)
	a. We	ighing	
	b. Cou	unting	
	c. Por	tioning	
	d. Sor	ting	
1.1.1	If I have	12.345 kg of roast beef in the fridge. The cost per kilogram was	R49.69 per
		he value of the meat will be	(1)
	a. R63	35.00	,
		53.45	
		345 kg	
		13.42	
			_

1.1.12 Ending Inventory calculated at the closing of an accounting period is also the \dots (1)

- a. Beginning Inventory for the next accounting period.
- b. Beginning Inventory for the previous accounting period.
- c. Cost of Goods Consumed for the next accounting period.
- d. Cost of Goods Consumed for the previous accounting period.

1.2 Read the statements below and select the correct word.

(8)

Standardized	Tested	Method	Variation	Ideal expense
Conventional	Forecasted	Narrative	Specification	Key
Ingredient list	Additional information	Edible portion	Cherry Pickers	Pre-prepared portion

1.2.1	The recipes found in magazines are	recipes.	(1)
1.2.2	Replace the chicken with the same quantity of fish. The cooking	g time will be r	educed
	by 20 minutes.		(1)
1.2.3	Which section is before the method?		(1)
1.2.4	Should include instruction that are clear and concise, with eac	h step being a	a whole
	process.		(1)
1.2.5	2 x 100 x 120g tenderized steak, lean.		(1)
1.2.6	The budget for beverage cost this month is R64 380.00.		(1)
1.2.7	Only purchasing goods from a supplier when they are on specia	al.	(1)
1.2.8	The weight or count of a product after it has been trimmed, cook	ked and portio	ned.
			(1)

QUESTION 2 [22]

Simon has found a new recipe for his coffee shop but his partner suggests that an acceptable selling price should be R32.50 and the food cost should not exceed 18.7%.

2.1 Calculate the cost of the recipe using the following format. (10)

Standardised Recipe Cost Sheet						
Menu Item: Sacher torte	Menu Item: Sacher torte (Rich chocolate					
cake from A	ustria)					
			Recipe N	umber:	15	
Special Notes:			Recipe Y	ield:	12	
			Portion S	ize:	110g	
All ingredients weighed as	EP		Portion C	ost:		
Ingredier	nts		Ir	ngredient C	Cost	
Item	Amount	Unit	Unit Cost	Unit	Total Cost	
Cooking chocolate	185	g	R 500.50	8 kg	a.	
Unsalted butter	150	g	R 49.90	500g	b.	
Castor sugar	350	g	R 21.95	500g	C.	
Rum	30	ml	R 188.65	750 ml	d.	
Eggs	5	ea	R57.60	30	e.	
Cake flour	350	g	R 117.70	12.5kg	f.	
Total					g.	
Portion Cost:					h.	
Food Cost Percentage (by portion):				i.		
Can Simon add the new menu item? Yes or No				Yes or No	j.	

2.2 For an upcoming function you need 100 portions of 90g each, what will be the factor? (3)

2.3 Using the list of ingredients for the Sacher torte, indicate which 2 (two) items will be stored in ...

2.3.1 Dry store $(2x\frac{1}{2}=1)$

2.3.2 Refrigerator $(2x\frac{1}{2}=1)$

Lucy is the catering manager at a small hospital in Bramley. Help her to complete 2.4 her consumption figures for the month of May, using the information provided. (7)

Inventory May 31			R28 375.50
April purchases:			
Meats		R13 501.00	
Dairy		R7 320.00	
Fruits and Vegetables		R8 941.00	
All other foods		R35 384.00	
Total purchases			
Number of staff eating	3789		
monthly			
Cost per employee meal	R7.50	_	_
Inventory June 30			R24 769.90

Beginning inventory	a.
Purchases	b.
Goods available for sale	C.
Ending inventory	d.
Cost of food consumed	e.
Employee meals (30 days)	f.
Cost of food sold	g.

QUESTION 3 [8]

Naledi sees an opportunity to improve her food cost and generate greater revenue but needs to do some forecasting first. Help her with her calculation.

3.1 Using the table below answer the following multiple choice questions. (3)

Month	Sales last year	Estimated % Increase in Sales	Estimated R Increase in Sales	Total Revenue Forecast
January	R58 000	2.00%		
February	56 000	2.25		
March	38 000	3.20		
April	41 000	2.50		
Four-Month Total				

- 3.1.1 What is the total revenue forecast for the first quarter of the year?
 - a. R160,792
 - b. R197,661
 - c. R167,180
 - d. R169,320

- 3.1.2 What is the total estimated Rand increase in sales for the four-month period?
 - a. R4,661
 - b. R6,450
 - c. R7,010
 - d. R10,320
- 3.1.3 What is the weighted average percentage increase in sales for the four-month period?
 - a. 1.78%
 - b. 2.15%
 - c. 2.49%
 - d. 3.08%
- 3.2 When using various weights and measures, as a manager you are required to know them. Calculate the following conversions from imperial into metric measure. (5)
- 3.2.1 $\frac{1}{2}$ a block of 500g butter = ? kg
- 3.2.2 $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon = ? kg
- 3.2.3 $\frac{1}{2}$ a 750ml bottle of wine = ? litres
- 3.2.4 If Nick and Jonas ate 3/4 of a 8-slice pie, how many slices would be left over?
- 3.2.5 If 1 oz is 30 g, how much is $4\frac{1}{2}$ oz. in kilograms?

SECTION B TOTAL = 50 MARKS

PAPER TOTAL: 100 MARKS

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