| FACULTY/COLLEGE | College of Business and Economics |
| :--- | :--- |
| SCHOOL | School of Tourism and Hospitality |
| DEPARTMENT | Hospitality Management |
| CAMPUS(ES) | APB |
| MODULE NAME | Food and Beverage Financials |
| MODULE CODE | FBF01Y1 |
| SEMESTER | Second |
| ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITY, <br> MONTH AND YEAR | Summative Assessment Opportunity <br> Agrotat December 2019 |


| ASSESSMENT DATE | $12 / 2019$ | SESSION | $08.30-10.30$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ASSESSOR(S) | Ms C Mabaso and Mrs EA Sao Joao |  |  |
| MODERATOR(S) | Dr D Thusi |  |  |
| DURATION | 120 mins | TOTAL MARKS | 100 |

## NUMBER OF PAGES OF QUESTION PAPER (Including cover page)

## INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS:

- This is a closed-book assessment.
- Answer each section in a different answer book
- Answer all the questions
- Read the questions carefully and answer only what is required.
- Number your answers clearly and correctly as per the question paper.
- Write neatly and legibly on both sides of the paper in the answer book, starting on the first page.
- Non-programmable calculators are permitted - only one per candidate
- Question papers must be handed in.
- The general University of Johannesburg policies, procedures and rules pertaining to written assessments apply to this assessment.

Cont...

## SECTION A - FOOD COSTING INSTRUCTIONS

## Answer this section on the answer sheet provided at the back of this question

 paper. Only the shaded areas need to be completed for marks.Only answers on the answer sheet will be considered for marks. Do not answer on the question paper.

## QUESTION 1

## Multiple Choice

1.1 Sam is a foodservice manager. Last month his Food Expense equalled R60,000, his Labor Expense equalled R52,000, and his Other Expenses equalled R24,000. His Revenue equalled $\mathrm{R} 166,000$. What is his total expense percentage?
a. $67.47 \%$
b. $122.06 \%$
c. $81.93 \%$
d. $45.78 \%$
1.2 Jordan is a foodservice manager. Last month his Food Expense equalled R60,000, his Labor Expense equaled R52,000, and his Other Expenses equalled R30,000. His Revenue equalled R190,000. What is his profit percentage?
a. $25.26 \%$
b. $174.74 \%$
c. $41.05 \%$
d. $68.42 \%$
1.3 If revenue forecast is R147,274 and guest count forecast is 26,785 , what is the average sales per guest forecast?
a. $18.19 \%$
b. R5.47
c. R5.50
d. $81.81 \%$
1.4 Calculate the cost of food sold based on the following information: Beginning inventory R5,500, ending inventory R2,000, purchases R1,500, employee meals R500.
a. R1,000
b. R2,500
c. $R 4,000$
d. R4,500
1.5 Please calculate the order amount given the following information: par level 8 cases, currently on hand 2 cases, special order 4 cases.
a. 6 cases
b. 8 cases
c. 10 cases
d. 12 cases
1.6 If the yield percentage is $80 \%$ and you have 100 kg of As Purchased beef in your refrigerator. How many 250 g portions of beef can you serve?
a. 400
b. 80
c. 320
d. None of the above
1.7 You purchase 20 kg of brisket. If after cooking, trimming, and portioning, you find that you have 12.5 kg remaining, what is your waste percentage?
a. $37.5 \%$
b. $40.0 \%$
c. $62.5 \%$
d. $60.0 \%$
1.8 If a chef requires 30 kg of ribs (edible portion) and the yield percentage is $60 \%$, how many kilograms of ribs (as purchased) should he order?
a. 30 kg
b. 45 kg
c. 18 kg
d. 50 kg
1.9 The EP cost of your steak dinner menu item is R4.00 and your desired food cost percentage is $40 \%$. Using either the factor method or the product cost percentage method for pricing, what should the price be?
a. R16.00
b. R10.00
c. R 8.00
d. R20.00

## QUESTION 2

Vujo Nkosi owns Vuyo's Nyama Choma, an extremely popular, 200-seat establishment on Vilakazi Street in Soweto. Vuyo has decided to offer a Sunday buffet for his guests because he thinks he can achieve a guest count of 600 (3 turns). Last Sunday, June 1, he offered the buffet for the first time, and he charged R75.00 per guest. However, he only served 300 people. He thinks that maybe he could attract more guests if he offered the buffet at a lower price. He collected information on last Sunday's buffet product usage. His desired food cost percentage is $40 \%$. Help him complete the buffet product usage report. Complete the shaded areas on the answer sheet.

After completing this analysis, what should be Gabriel's selling price? If he uses this new selling price and he serves 600 guests next Sunday, June 8, will his total revenue increase?
[12 x $1 / 2=6$ ]

## QUESTION 3

Wandile Tshabalala owns Wandie's Cafeteria the Johannesburg CBD. She has decided to price her menu items using the contribution margin method. She has determined the following contribution margins for her food categories:

## Contribution margins:

Salads: R12.50
Entrees: R28.25
Desserts: R13.50
Drinks: R9.50
Help her price her menu items and determine the food cost percentage of each item. Provide the answer on the answer sheet.

$$
[8 \times 1 / 2=4]
$$

## QUESTION 4

Dave would like to add a new menu item to his standard menu. Upper management has approved such an addition if his total product cost percentage does not exceed $32.5 \%$ of his allowable selling price. The selling price allowed is R79.75. Complete the Standardised Recipe Cost Sheet on and the answer sheet.
[10 x $1 / 2=5$ ]

## QUESTION 5

Karabo must calculate the costs involved in adding a carving station to the regular Sunday brunch menu. She is trying to decide which carved meats could be served. She must first determine the EP costs and yields of the various kinds of meats. Help her calculate the EP cost and yield of the prime rib. Complete the Loss Sheet on the answer sheet using the information below:

AP Amount Tested: $\quad 11.240 \mathrm{~kg}$
Price per Kilogram AP:
R86.40
$[8 \times 1 / 2=4]$

## QUESTION 6

Liza operates a lunchroom in a large, exclusive health club. The menu in Liza's restaurant consists of three main lunch specials. Each meat, poultry, or fish item is purchased by the kilogram (using product specifications), then prepared and served in a 150 g portion (EP), according to the standardized recipe. Liza keeps excellent sales records and, thus, knows her \% selecting figures, which are tabulated as follows. She also carefully monitors waste \% data, which are tabulated for each item.

How much of each item should Liza order for next week, given that she expects 300 customers for lunch next week, each of whom will order one of her three menu items?

What should the total of Liza's purchases for these items be next week, if she buys at the purchase prices listed?

| Item | \% <br> Selecting | Waste | $\frac{\text { Purchase }}{\text { Price/kg. }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Beef | 31 | 30 | R 82.91 |
| Chicken | 45 | 10 | R 38.64 |
| Tuna | 24 | 5 | R 63.25 |

$[10 \times 1 / 2+3=8]$

## QUESTION 7

The following 2 cocktails will be sold for R35.00. Using the data below, compute the beverage cost percentage using the following recipes:

Brandy Alexander: 25ml Brandy, 25ml Brown Crème de Cacao, 25ml Cream Margarita: 50ml Tequila, 50ml Lime Juice, 25 ml Cointreau

## Costs

Bols Brandy (750ml) R 94.25
Cream (1 litre) R 50.00
Lime Juice (2 litre) R 90.00

Bols Crème de Cacao (500ml) R 77.45
Olmeca Tequila ( 750 ml ) R 128.54
Cointreau ( 500 ml ) R 120.00

## SECTION B - ACCOUNTING (MS C MABASO)

## QUESTION 8

STUDENT'S NAME: $\qquad$

Please answer on the journals below as well as on the answer sheets provided
NB: Please do not rewrite the journals !!
CASH PAYMENTS JOURNAL OF TEE JAY LODGE FOR SEPTEMBER 2013
CPJ

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SUND | A | OUNTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOC. } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{Y} \end{aligned}$ | NAME OF PAYEE | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{F} \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ | BANK | TRADING STOCK | WAGES | EQUIPMENT | AMOUNT | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F} \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ | DETAILS |
| 201 | 03 | CNA |  | 4500 |  |  |  | 4500 |  | Stationery |
| 202 |  | BB Printers |  | 1500 |  |  |  | 1500 |  | Advertising |
| 203 | 05 | Mega Wholesalers |  | 80000 | 80000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 204 | 07 | Cash |  | 1500 |  | 1500 |  |  |  |  |
| 205 | 09 | Office Equip |  | 4000 |  |  | 4000 |  |  |  |
| 206 | 12 | Beta Ltd |  | 18000 | 18000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207 | 14 | Cash |  | 2500 |  | 2500 |  |  |  |  |
| 208 | 16 | Cash |  | 2000 |  |  |  | 2000 |  | Cash Float |
| 209 | 18 | NNA |  | 1000 |  |  |  | 1000 |  | Stationery |
| 210 | 21 | GP Wholesalers |  | 25000 | 25000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 211 | 25 | Cash |  | 3000 |  | 3000 |  |  |  |  |
| 212 | 28 | ACE Motors |  | 380000 |  |  |  | 380000 |  | Vehicles |
|  |  |  |  | 523000 | 123000 | 7000 | 4000 | 389000 |  |  |

CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL OF TEE JAY LODGE FOR SEPTEMBER 2013
CRJ

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | SUNDRY ACCOUNTS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { DOC } \\ & \text { NO } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{Y} \end{aligned}$ | DETAILS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{F} \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ | ANALYSIS OF RECEIPTS | BANK | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { RENT } \\ & \text { RECEIVED } \end{aligned}$ | SALES | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { COST } \\ \text { OF } \\ \text { SALES } \end{gathered}$ | AMOUNT | F O L | DETAILS |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 011 \\ & 012 \\ & 013 \\ & 014 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 01 \\ & 10 \\ & 17 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | T. Smile Sales <br> K. Kiss <br> Sales <br> B.Baby <br> Sales <br> WP Agency |  | $\begin{array}{r} 850000 \\ 8000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 858000 \\ 13500 \\ 1000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1500 \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8000 \\ 12000 \\ 5000 \end{array}$ |  | 850000 |  | Capital |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1500 \\ 12000 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Commission Received |
|  |  |  |  | 1000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5000 \\ 10000 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 10000 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2500 | 25000 |  | 860000 |  |  |

...Cont...

## Additional Information:

The business sells its stock at a mark up of $100 \%$ on the cost price.

## Required:

1.1 Calculate the cost of sales amounts and complete the Cost of Sales column in the Cash Receipts Journal.
1.2 Insert folio numbers for all accounts on all the Journals.
1.3 Use the information from the journals above to post all the accounts to the General ledger.:
1.4 Balance only the following accounts:

Bank and Trading stock
[20]

## QUESTION 9

The details below appeared in the books of Singapore Traders on 30 September 2011

## INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Complete the Cash Journals for September 2011
2. Post to the bank account in the General Ledger
3. Prepare the Bank Reconciliation Statement on 30 September 2011

Take note: Singapore Traders has an account with Trust Bank.
Totals of the CRJ and CPJ for September were as follows:
CASH RECEIPTS JOURNAL - 30 September 2011

Bank
Debtor's control
Sundry accounts
CASH PAYMENTS JOURNAL - 30 September 2011
Bank
Debtor's control
Sundry accounts

38800
37390
2650
34740

Zero
38800

## BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT ON 30 AUGUST 2011



After comparing the cash journals with the bank statements, the following differences came to light:
8.1 Bank statement on 30 September 2011 shows a debit balance of R4 692.
8.2 The following entries appear on the bank statement for September 2011, but not in the cash journals for September:
Cheque no 527 R 500
Cheque no 529 R1 282.00
Cheque no 548 R1 616.00
Cheque no 551 R2 690.00
Deposit R4 004.00
8.3 The bank statement shows the following debit entries:
8.3.1 Unpaid cheque of R328.00, received from debtor S Shaun and dishonoured due to insufficient funds.
8.3.2 Cash handling fee, R24.00

Levy on debit entries, R147.00
Tax levy, R13.00
Service fees, R115.80
Interest on overdraft, R62.20
8.3.3 Stop order in favour of Secury Insurers for insurance on the owner's private vehicle, R344.00.
8.4 Interest on fixed deposit at Wen Bank, R720.00, was directly deposited in the account of the enterprise.
8.5 A deposit of R1406 on 30 September has not been credited by the bank on the bank statement
8.6 The following cheques were still outstanding on 30 September 2011:

| No 572 | R259.50 |
| :--- | :--- |
| No 577 | R608.00 |
| No 594 | R2 226.50 |

## BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT

|  | DEBIT | CREDIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEBIT / CREDIT Balance as per Bank Statement <br> CREDIT Outstanding deposits. $\qquad$ <br> DEBIT Outstanding cheques: No. $\qquad$ <br> No. $\qquad$ <br> CREDIT Amount incorrectly debited. $\qquad$ <br> DEBIT Amount incorrectly credited. $\qquad$ <br> CREDIT Post dated cheques. $\qquad$ <br> DEBIT / CREDIT Balance as per Bank Account... |  |  |

## QUESTION 10

The following Trial Balance was prepared by the bookkeeper of Seaview Hotel at the end of February 2013.
You are required to use the information given to:
10.1 prepare the Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended February 2013,
10.2 the Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 28 February 2013.(4)
10.3 and the Statement of financial position as at 28 February 2013 (Assets section)

Pre-Adjustment Trial Balance on 28 February 2013.

| BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS SECTION | DEBIT | CREDIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital (Balance on 1 March 2012) |  | 74 424,00 |
| Drawings | 4 180,00 |  |
| Land \& buildings | 43 450,00 |  |
| Vehicles | 33 000,00 |  |
| Equipment | 18 359,00 |  |
| Trading stock | 27 434,44 |  |
| Accumulated depreciation on vehicles |  | 5 500,00 |
| Accumulated depreciation on equipment |  | 1980,00 |
| Fixed deposit | 11000 |  |
| Bank |  | 1662,30 |
| Petty cash | 44,99 |  |
| Debtors' control | 2 018,23 |  |
| Creditors' control |  | 1 157,59 |
| Mortgage bond |  | 33000 |
| NOMINAL ACCOUNTS SECTION |  |  |
| Sales |  | 38 534,54 |
| Cost of sales | 21 119,73 |  |
| Packing material | 521,18 |  |
| Salaries \& wages | 2 409,39 |  |
| Telephone | 308,99 |  |
| Stationery | 319,44 |  |
| Bank charges | 308,72 |  |
| Insurance | 308,77 |  |
| Discount allowed | 143,99 |  |
| Bad debts | 231,55 |  |
| Interest paid | 121,00 |  |
| Rent received |  | 8 470,00 |
| Interest received |  | 550,99 |
|  | 165 279,42 | 165 279,42 |

SECTION B TOTAL $=60$ MARKS

PAPER TOTAL = 100 MARKS

## SECTION A: ANSWER SHEET

Initials \& Surname: $\qquad$ Student No: $\qquad$

## Question 1

| 1.1 | a | b | c | d |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.2 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.3 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.4 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.5 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.6 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.7 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.8 | a | b | c | d |
| 1.9 | a | b | c | d |

## Question 2

| Item | Unit |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 은 } \\ & \text { D } \end{aligned}$ |  | Unit Cost | Total Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roast Beef |  |  |  |  |  |  | R 3192.00 |
| Chicken Stew | kg | 7 | 20 | 7 |  | R 59.68 |  |
| Fried Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  | R 807.84 |
| Macaroni \& Cheese |  |  |  |  |  |  | R 431.75 |
| Vegetarian Bake |  |  |  |  |  |  | R 211.96 |
| Tomato Soup | It | 2 | 10 | 3 |  | R 34.25 |  |
| Spanish Rice |  |  |  |  |  |  | R 380.12 |
| Green Beans |  |  |  |  |  |  | R 225.00 |
| Glazed Carrots | kg | 6 | 20 | 4 |  | R 20.38 |  |
| Total Product Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guests Served: |  |  |  | 300 |  |  |  |
| Total Product Cost: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost Per Guest: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Desired Food Cost \%: |  |  |  | 40\% |  |  |  |
| Desired Selling Price Based on Cost: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenues, June 1: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Projected Revenues, June 8: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Question 3

| Item | Product <br> Cost | Desired <br> Contribution <br> Margin | Selling Price | Food Cost \% |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salads: Chicken Salad | $R 9.30$ | $R 12.50$ |  |  |
| Entrees: Liver and Onions | $R 21.50$ | $R 28.25$ |  |  |
| Desserts: Pecan Pie | $R 6.95$ | $R 13.50$ |  |  |
| Drinks: Coffee | $R 0.95$ | $R 9.50$ |  |  |
| $[8 \times 1 / 2=4]$ |  |  |  |  |

## Question 4

Standardized Recipe Cost Sheet

| Menu Item: Beef Bourgignon |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Recipe Number: |  | 15 |
|  |  |  | Recipe Yield: |  | 24 |
|  |  |  | Portion Size: |  | 200 g |
|  |  |  | Portion Cost: |  |  |
| Ingredients |  |  | Ingredient Cost |  |  |
| Item | Amount | Unit | Unit Cost | Unit | Total Cost |
| Beef Rump | 4.5 | kg | R89.00 | kg |  |
| Wine | 500 | ml | R84.00 | 750ml |  |
| Onions | 250 | g | R19.60 | kg |  |
| Beef Stock | 100 | ml | R34.00 | It |  |
| Seasoning Spica | 15 | g | R152.00 | 2 kg |  |
| Mushrooms | 380 | g | R96.00 | kg |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food Cost Percentage (by portion): |  |  |  |  |  |
| Can Dave add the new menu item? |  |  |  |  |  |

## SECTION A: ANSWER SHEET (Cont)

Initials \& Surname: $\qquad$ Student No:

Question 5

| Loss Detail | $\mathbf{k g}$ | \% of of <br> Original |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| AP Weight | 11.240 | 100.00 |
| Fat Loss | 1.625 |  |
| Bone Loss | 0.760 |  |
| Cooking Loss | 0.145 |  |
| Carving Loss |  |  |
| Total Production Loss |  |  |
| EP Weight |  |  |
| Net Product Yield\%: |  |  |
| EP Cost: |  |  |

$$
[8 \times 1 / 2=4
$$

## Question 6

| Item | Total Weight of Servings (kg) | Yield $\%$ | Purchase <br> Weight (kg) | Total Purchases |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beef | (1) |  |  |  |
| Chicken | (1) |  |  |  |
| Tuna | (1) |  |  |  |

...Cont...

## Question 7

| Brandy Alexander |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of <br> Brandy | Brown Crème <br> de Cacao | Cost of <br> Cream | Beverage <br> Cost \% |
|  |  |  |  |


| Margarita |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of <br> Tequila | Cost of Lime <br> Juice | Cost of <br> Cointreau | Beverage <br> Cost $\%$ |
|  |  |  |  |

