## UNIVERSITY OF JOHANNESBURG

FACULTY OF EDUCATION
JUNE EXAMINATION 2019

| PROGRAMME: | B Ed FOUNDATION PHASE |
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| MODULE: | MATHEMATICS FOR FOUNDATION PHASE 3A |
| CODE: | MFP10A3 |
| TIME: | 2 hours |
| MARKS: | 100 |
| EXAMINER: | Mr J Maseko |
| MODERATOR: | Ms N. Swanepoel (UP) |

(This paper consists of 5 pages)

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- Read each question carefully before answering it.
- Answer all the questions.
- Questions can be answered in any sequence but ensure that you clearly number your answers.
- All the figures are NOT drawn to scale
- Graph paper will be supplied for 3.1.2 in page 5
- Calculators are not allowed.

| QUESTION 1 - Theory |  | [8] |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1.1 | Name three different methods of collecting data | (3) |
| 1.2 | Discuss the conditions for which alternate interior angles can be said to be equal in <br> size | (2) |
| 1.3 | Name three attributes of measurement | (3) |


2.1 Use the information provided on the compound figure, ABCD. Then calculate:
2.1.1 the perimeter of the whole figure
2.1.2 the total area of the whole figure
2.2 A square-based pyramid, 15 m high, is Inside a rectangular tank, 20 m high, which is full of water.
2.2.1 Determine the volume of the water tank
2.2.2 Determine the space the pyramid occupies

2.2.3 Calculate the remaining volume of the water tank as the pyramid was put inside the tank.
2.3 Consider the given parameters (in $\mathbf{c m}$ ) shown on this hollow portable compact podium used by Caster Semenya to place her won medals. The height for each part is gold (blue - 39.5); silver (black - 29.5); and bronze (red - 17.5) high. Then calculate the total surface area of podium (all around)


Question 3 - Data Handling
3.1 Ten Lottery game draws with very similar results were put together in the information below. Group the data into a frequency
 table.

| Draws | \#1 | \#2 | \#3 | \#4 | \#5 | \#6 | \#7 | \#8 | \#9 | \#10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B1 | 26 | 23 | 26 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 23 | 23 | 26 | 34 |
| B2 | 34 | 25 | 41 | 25 | 34 | 35 | 25 | 34 | 36 | 35 |
| B3 | 35 | 26 | 40 | 34 | 36 | 40 | 35 | 35 | 41 | 41 |
| B4 | 44 | 41 | 43 | 35 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 44 | 40 | 40 |
| B5 | 45 | 44 | 44 | 40 | 45 | 44 | 26 | 45 | 45 | 43 |
| BB | 40 | 45 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 44 | 36 | 40 | 34 | 45 |

3.1.1 Draw a frequency table to represent each number in these categories

| Category | Frequency |
| ---: | :--- |
| $23-26$ |  |
| $34-36$ |  |
| $40-42$ |  |
| $43-46$ |  |

3.1.2 Draw a pie chart to show the results summarised in 3.1.1

Show all the calculations before drawing the pie chart
3.2 Using ONLY B4 and BB rows (20 numbers), do the following
3.2.1 Sort these 20 numbers in an ascending order in one row
3.2.2 Find the mean
3.2.3 Find the modal number
3.2.4 Find the median of the numbers

## 3.3 "Offloading method" application

| 3.3 .1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Calculate the average of these seven <br> given numbers | 152; 111; 65; 93; 246; 9; 150 | (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.3.2 <br> numbers in 3 steps |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{8 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offloads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offloads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offloads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## END OF EXAMINATION



