

FACULTY/COLLEGE	College of Business and Economics	
SCHOOL	Johannesburg Business School	
DEPARTMENT	Transport and Supply Chain Management	
CAMPUS(ES)	APB	
MODULE NAME	Transport Policy and Legislation	
MODULE CODE	TPL01A1	
SEMESTER	First	
ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITY,	Test 1	
MONTH AND YEAR	March 2019	

ASSESSMENT DATE	25 MAY 2019	SESSION	08:30		
ASSESSOR(S)	Mr T Mbara				
MODERATOR(S)	Gert Heyns (Internal), Mr Herman Lemmer				
DURATION	3 hours (180 min)	TOTAL MARKS	150		

NUMBER OF PAGES OF QUESTION PAPER (Including cover page)	8

## **INFORMATION/INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer all the questions
- Question papers must be handed in
- This is a closed book assessment
- Read the questions carefully and answer only what is asked
- Number your answers clearly
- Write neatly and legibly
- Structure your answers by using appropriate headings and sub-headings
- The general University of Johannesburg policies, procedures and rules pertaining to written assessments apply to this assessment

## **QUESTION 1 (MULTIPLE CHOICE)**

[20 MARKS]

- 1. Which description best describes the term 'policy'?
  - a. A statement that gives directives to Government departments
  - b. A Presidential directive to Ministers
  - c. A statement by Government of what it intends to do
  - d. An implied statement by Government of its achievements
- 2. What is meant by 'legislation'?
  - a. Mission statement
  - b. Standards and rules to be followed
  - c. Standards and rules to provide direction and guidance
  - d. A statement on Government goals
- 3. Legislation is put in place in order to:
  - a. Bring justice to society
  - b. Control Government officials
  - c. Control the private sector
  - d. Direct courts to make judgements
- 4. The various acts and regulations of the Department of Transport (DoT) are intended to achieve which one of the following?
  - a. Regulate the activities of road, rail, air and sea transport to ensure better services to passengers and transport of goods
  - b. Punish offenders who flout and do not comply with the regulations
  - c. Provide a free market environment for transport operations
  - d. Subsidise transport so that the poor can afford
- 5. Which departments of Government in South Africa have specific functions and roles for the transport sector?
  - a. Departments of Transport, State Enterprises and National Treasury
  - b. Departments of Transport, National Treasury and Department of Industry and Trade
  - c. Departments of Transport, Department of Industry and Trade, Department of Energy
  - d. Departments of Transport, National Treasury, Department of Energy
- 6. The legislative responsibilities of the Government regarding the transportation system is defined in the \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. Cabinet documents
  - b. Parliamentary documents
  - c. Respective Government Departments
  - d. Constitution

- 7. What are the core functions of the South African Cross Border Transport Agency?
  - a. Regulatory, enforcement and advisory
  - b. Advisory, facilitation and training
  - c. Facilitation, enforcement and funding
  - d. None of the above
- 8. A commercial transporter carrying goods for a client is delayed at the border. The client charges the transporter R450 per each hour of delay. If the client incurred total charges of R27 000 as a result of delays, how many hours was the vehicle held at the border?
  - a. 40
  - b. 50
  - c. 60
  - d. 70
- 9. The third freedom of the skies is:
  - a. The right to fly over a country without landing
  - b. The right to land in another country for non-traffic purposes
  - c. The right to carry traffic from another state to home state of carrier
  - d. The right to carry traffic from home state of carrier into another state
- 10. Ethics is going beyond what is legal and doing what is:
  - a. Standard
  - b. Liked
  - c. Common
  - d. Right
- 11. What is ethical conduct?
  - a. Acting as your conscience tells you
  - b. Acting in a way that will make the company profitable
  - c. Acting in a way that is consistent with industry principles
  - d. Acting in a way that pleases your workmates
- 12. Mr. Hardman works for a car insurance company. His work involves assessing accident damaged vehicles. Mr. Fixit, the manager of a garage that repairs accident damaged vehicles approached him to write off most vehicles that are slightly damaged. Mr. Hardman would manipulate the vehicle tendering process in favour of Mr. Fixit's company. The two agreed to share proceeds. Mr. Hardman's behavior represents which ethical problem?
  - a. Organisational conflict
  - b. Money conflict
  - c. Managerial conflict
  - d. Lack of integrity
- 13. A research company X obtains data from company Y on the strict condition that the data would be used for research purposes only. The research company went on to share the data with other companies without company Y's knowledge and consent. This represents an ethical problem characterised by:

- Lack of motivation a.
- Lack of technical concern b.
- Lack of trust C.
- Lack of achievement
- 14. What is the permissible load of a vehicle whose distance between the centres of the extreme axles in a group of axles is 17.5 meters?
  - a. 18 000 kilograms
  - 34 000 kilograms b.
  - 45 000 kilograms C.
  - 54 750 kilograms
- 15. What information is required to be displayed inside a bus that travels on a public road?
  - A notice stating the name of the driver a.
  - A notice stating the year the vehicle was manufactured b.
  - A notice stating the load that may be carried on such a vehicle C.
  - A notice stating the procedures to be taken by the driver in the event of an d. accident
- 16. Concessioning has been prompted by:
  - a. The need to improve transport infrastructure and services
  - Diminishing fiscal budgets b.
  - The need to improve social services C.
  - Increased economic growth
- 17. Which vehicle among the four is permitted to convey a driver and at least 100 other passengers?
  - Truck tractor a.
  - Train bus b.
  - Minibus C.
  - d. Midibus
- 18. Which vehicle is exempt from registration?
  - A private ambulance a.
  - A minibus contracted to carry school children in a rural area b.
  - A semitrailer that is towed by a track tractor C.
  - A vehicle propelled by electrical power that is not used on a public road d.
- 19. What additional requirement is needed for registering a vehicle acquired from another country?
  - a. Written proof of compliance with provisions of customs legislation
  - b. Written proof of compliance with provisions of the Ministry of International Relations
  - c. Acceptable identification of the owner of the vehicle
  - d. Written proof of compliance with provisions of the Immigration Department

- 20. If an application for licencing a motor vehicle is not received within 4 years from the date of liability, the motor vehicle concerned shall be:
  - a. Impounded by the police
  - b. Scrapped
  - c. Deregistered
  - d. Reported as stolen

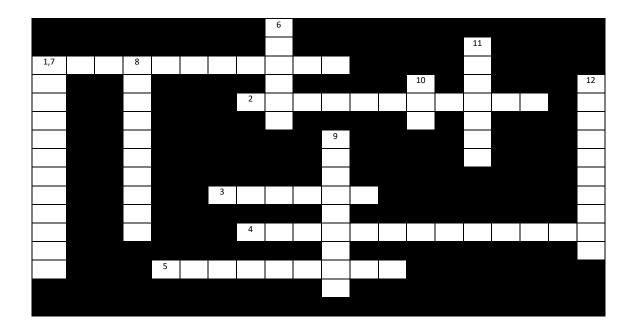
#### **SECTION 2**

QUESTION 1 [12 MARKS]

Almost every country has a transport policy. Discuss the reasons for the necessity of a transport policy.

QUESTION 2 [12 MARKS]

Using the descriptions provided below, insert the appropriate word in the correct column or raw. All the words are concepts that have been covered in Unit 1.



# **Going Across:**

- 1. What affects every aspect of our lives?
- 2. What responds to society's needs for good governance?
- 3. A statement by Government of what it intends to do
- 4. Providing an opportunity to people to influence decision making
- 5. What is central to economic growth and development?

# **Going Down**

- 6. What consumers pay which is influenced by government regulation
- 7. Request to ligitimise decisions that have already been taken
- 8. A document produced for discussion purposes
- 9. Direct involvement in the planning and drafting of policy programmes
- 10. What is passed by Parliament through a vote?
- 11. The body that approves a draft bill
- 12. The relevant Committee of ...... reviews the bill and request the public to comment

QUESTION 3 [28 MARKS]

Discuss the following:

- 3.1 Functions of the South African Cross Border Road Transport Agency (C-BRTA) (10 marks)
- 3.2 Challenges that are experienced at cross borders (10 marks)
- 3.3 Any 4 SADC strategic goals which are relevant to transport (8 marks)

QUESTION 4 [14 MARKS]

The policies and laws put in place by Government to intervene in transport activities have created a need for regulatory agencies/bodies. Citing examples, examine the role and functions of these regulatory agencies.

QUESTION 5 [18 MARKS]

Transport interventions (whether infrastructure or operations) have risks which need to be considered in any concession. Creating an appropriate risk-sharing regime is necessary. Identify and discuss the risks associated with concessions.

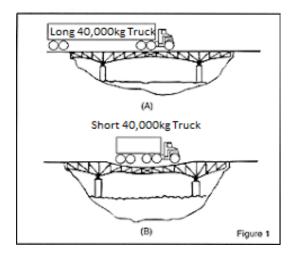
QUESTION 6 [12 MARKS]

Match the description from Column A with the correct answer in Column B

	Column A		Column B	
1.	Facilitate an unimpeded flow of passenger and freight movements to other countries	Α	Steering Committee	
2.	An ineffective means of public participation	В	Third freedom of the skies	
3.	A body set up to guide the policy review in the formulation of the National Transport Policy	С	May result in price cartels	
4.	Formulation of legislation and setting strategic direction of subsectors	D	Elimination of subsidies	
5.	The right to carry traffic from home state of carrier into another state	E	Reduced company profits	
6.	A result of delays at border posts	F	National responsibility	
7.	Argument for deregulating transport markets	G	Energy conservation	
8.	A theme or topic that generates attention because differences of opinion about it exist	Н	Ratification	
9.	Responsibility to maintain, upgrade and manage national road network	I	C-BRTA	
10.	A strategic reason for state intervention	J	A vision of South Africa National Transport Policy	
11.	To invest in infrastructure or transport systems in ways which satisfy social, economic, or strategic investment criteria	K	An issue	
12.	Competition by a few operators	L	SANRAL	

QUESTION 7 [7 MARKS]

Consider two vehicles that are carrying the same load. Vehicle A has its axles far apart from each other than those of vehicle B as shown in the figure below. Which vehicle causes more damage to the bridge? Explain the reasons why this is the case.



QUESTION 8 [27 MARKS]

8.1 Group the following unethical practices under the following headings: individual, business and political unethical practices. (12 marks)

- (i) Dumping pollutants into the water supply rather than cleaning up the pollution properly
- (ii) Not telling your spouse the correct salary one earns
- (iii) Using a position of power to fix members of a community e.g. stopping donations because they did not vote for you
- (iv) Obtaining negative information about your rivals in order to expose and undermine them
- Falsifying accounts in order to avoid or reduce the amount of money to be paid to the Revenue Authority
- (vi) Not telling the truth on one's curriculum vitae in order to secure a job
- 8.2 Explain why unethical behavior is prevalent/widespead in the transport sector (3 marks) and discuss the areas in the transport sector that are prone to unethical behaviour (12 marks).