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## **UNIVERSITY OF JOHANNESBURG DEPARTMENT OF AFRICAN LANGUAGES**

## FINAL ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITY JUNE 2018

MODULE:	ZULU FOR SENIOR AND FET PHASE 1A
MODULE CODE:	ZUS1AA1
TIME:	2 HOURS
MARKS:	100
ASSESSOR:	MRS NL SIBIYA
MODERATOR:	MR TM MADINGIZA
NAME AND SURNAME	:
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STUDENT NUMBER:	***************************************
Answer all questions of PAGES.)	on this question paper. (THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF 6
FAGES.	
QUESTION 1	
1.1 What is the basic word	l order in an isiZulu sentence?
1.2 Name the pronoun an	nd the subject morpheme in isiZulu that represent
the English pronoun 'l	<sup>7</sup>
1.3 If an adverb is include	ed in a sentence, where should it appear?
	***************************************
1.4 In which form are the	verbs that are followed by either an object or an
adverb?	
1.5 What is the difference tense?	between the short and the long form of the present
	(10)

## **QUESTION 2** Use the words given below to construct FIVE sentences 2 1 inhlanzi 2.2 inkomo...... 2.3 iwolintshi...... 2.4 amanzi (10)2.5 ummbila..... **QUESTION 3** Indicate whether the following statements are True or False 3.1 The 'You' (singular) can be represented by the pronoun Wena 3.2 If an adverb is included in the sentence it appears after the subject. 3.3 The subject morpheme u-, which denotes second person singular, has a low 3.4 The word order of a question sentence, which can be answered with 'yes/no', is different from that of a statement...... 3.5 The morpheme —ya- never occurs in the negative form. (10)**QUESTION 4** Rewrite the following sentence omitting mina and explain the difference 4.1 between the sentence pair. 'I, I am studying English.' Mina ngifunda isiNgisi. (4) Rewrite the following sentences deleting the words in braces so that the 4.2 verb becomes the last word in the sentence. 4.2.1 Ngibhala (kahle) 4.2.2 Siphuza (amanzi) ......

4.2	.3 Udlala (ibhola)	
4.2	.4 Nithanda (amasi)	
4.2	.5 Ngithenga (inyama)	
4.2.	6 Nibona (abantu)	
OH	ESTION 5	(6) <b>(10)</b>
5.1	•	
5.1	OBhekii:	BJECT morphemes in the dialogue below. Sanibona(ni) boKhanyi.
	'Bheki and company:	'We see you (pl.) Khanyi and company.'
	OKhanyi:	Yebo, sanibonani, boBhekinjani na?
	'Khanyi and company:	'Yes, we see you Bheki and company. How are you?'
	OBheki::	khona. Ninanjani na?
	'Bheki and company:	'We are well. You, how are you?'
	OKhanyi:	Nathikhona
	'Khanyi and company:	'We are also well.'
	OBheki:	hamba ngani umaza esikoleni?
	'Bheki and company:	'You with what do you travel when you come
		to school?'
	OKhanyi:	hamba ngetekisi noma ngebhasi.
	'Khanyi and company:	We travel by taxi or bus.'
	OBheki:	Kanti, ahambi ngamabhayisikili?
	'Bheki and company:	'Oh but, don't you travel by bicycles?'
	OKhanyi:	Cha, ahambi ngamabhayisikili.
	'Khanyi and company:	'No, we don't travel by bicycles.'
	OVusi:	hamba ngezithuthuthu.
	'Vusi and company:	'We travel by motorbikes.'
		(10)
5.2	Fill in the missing OBJE	ECT morphemes in the sentences below.
5.2.1	Ngizobona uma ngiz	
	'I will see you (pl.) when	I come home.'
5.2.2	Niyazwa na?	
	'Do you hear <b>me</b> ?'	

5.2.3	Uyabingelela na?		
	'Are you greeting us?'		
5.2.4	Sithelela itiye.		
	'We are pouring tea for you (	singular.).'	
5.2.5	Asixoshi siyadinga.		
0,2.0	'We do not send you away <b>yo</b>		
526	Uyafuna emcimbini na?		
	Do you want <b>us</b> in the function	2'	
	•	,,	
	Ngithengela ukudla.		
	'I am buying food for <b>you (sing</b>	g)-'	
	Siyabonga, niyaseka.		
4	Thank you, you (pl.) are suppo	rting <b>us.'</b>	
5.2.9	Ubaba uthi: 'Ngishayela ւ	ıcingo.'	
4	Father say <b>s:</b> 'I am calling <b>you</b>	(sing.).'	
5.2.10	) Umama ushiya ngedwa.		
	'Mother leaves me alone.'		
		(1	0)
QUES	STION 6		
	Mr Nhlano is a new pastor at	your church. Greet him and enquire abou	t
	•	well-being. Complete the missing parts in	
	the dialogue.		
	Wena:		
	'You:	Good day, Sir.'	
	Umnumzane Nhiapo:	Yebo, sawubona.	
	'Mr Nhlap <b>o'</b>	'Yes, good day.'	
	Wena:		
	'You:	'How are you?'	
	Umnumzane Nhlapo:	Ngikhona unjani wena?	
	'Mr Nhlap <b>o</b> :	'I am well. How are you?'	
	Wena:	0	
	'You:	'I am also well.'	
	Wena:	'Mhara ara yay fram?'	
	'You:	'Where are you from?'	
	Umnumzane Nhlapo: 'Mr Nhlapo:	'I am from KwaZulu Natal.'	
	Wena:	?	

	'You:	Where exactly in KwaZulu Natal?
	teaching?'	
	Umnumzane Nhlapo:	EMpangeni .
	'Mr Nhlapo:	'At Mpangeni.'
	Wena:	Usuke nini ekhaya?
	You:	'When did you leave home?'
	Umnumzane Nhlapo:	***************************************
	'Mr Nhlapo:	'I left home at 6 o'clock this morning.'
	Wena:	Uhlala kuphi kule ndawo?
	'You:	'Where are you staying in this area?'
	Umnumzane Nhlapo:	
	'Mr Nhlapo:	'I am staying in Soweto.'
	Wena:	Uhamba ngani?
	'You:	'By means of what do you travel?'
	Úmnumzane Nhlapo:	
	'Mr Nhlapo:	'I travel by taxi.'
	Wena:	Awuhambi <b>n</b> gebhasi?
	'You:	'Don't you travel by bus?'
	Umnumzane Nhlapo:	
	'Mr Nhlapo:	'No, I do not travel by bus.'
	Wena:	Hamba kahle.
	'You:	'Go well.'
	Umnumzane Nhlapo:	
	'Mr Nhlapo:	'Thank you.'
	•	(22)
QUES	STION 7	(,
7.1	Rewrite the following Zulu sente	ences in the negative.
7.1.1	Siyakuthanda. 'We love you.'	
7.4.0		
7.1.2	Ngifunda enyuvesi. 'I am studyii	ng at a university.'
7.1.3	Mina ngicula kamnandi. 'I, I sing	ı well.'
7.1.4	Sihamba ngo-9. 'We leave at 9 o	o'clock.'
7.1.5	Siphuza kakhulu. 'We drink a lot	
		(10)

1 .Z	Mother is asking you some questions. Answer her in the positive and	
	negative in the space provided below. All questions should be answer	ed
	in isiZulu.	
7.2.1	Ulala ebusuku na? 'Do you sleep at night?'	
	Yebo,	
	Cha,	
7.2.2	Nina nisebenza eGoli na? 'You (plural), are you working in Joburg?'	
	Yebo,	
	Cha,	
7.2.3	Ubukela abafana bedlala na? 'Are you watching the boys playing?'	
	Yebo,	
	Cha,	
7.2.4	Niyadla na? 'Are you eating?'	
	Yebo,	
	Cha, (8)	

**TOTAL MARKS 100**