



UNIVERSITY OF JOHANNESBURG
DEPARTMENT OF AFRICAN LANGUAGES
FINAL ASSESSMENT OPPORTUNITY MAY 2018

MODULE: ZULU FOR THE FOUNDATION PHASE 3A
MODULE CODE: ZUF3AA3
TIME: 2 HOURS
TOTAL MARKS: 100
Assessors:
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Mr T Madingiza
Mr G Coltman (WITS)

INSTRUCTIONS / IMIYALELO

1. Answer all questions on this question paper.
Phendula yonke imibuzo kuleli phepha.
 2. Number your answers according to the question paper.
Phendula ngokusebenzisa izinombolo ezitholakala ephepheni.
 3. You may answer in Zulu or English as required.
Ungaphendula ngesiNgisi noma ngesiZulu ngokufanele.
 4. This paper consists of 8 pages.
Leli phepha linamakhasi ayisishiyagalombili
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QUESTION 1 / UMBUZO 1

Word Categories / *Izinhlobo zamagama*

Read the story below and answer the questions that follow:

Funda indaba engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo eyilandelayo:

Izitha zikamama

Ekhaya¹ umama **akajabuli²**. Ikhaya ligcwele izitha. Licwele **amazonenze namaphela³**. **Futhi⁴** kukhona namagundwane. Umama uyahluleka **ukuwaqeda⁵** nya⁶. Ekuseni uyavuka, ubona izenze emlenzeni. Uthi, “**Hawu!⁷** Izenze pho!”

Uzama⁸ ukulibamba kodwa uyahluleka. Amazonenze ayaluma. Umama ubona ithuthumba **elibomvu⁹** **emlenzeni¹⁰** wakhe, wathukuthele **kakhulu¹¹**! Ungena ekhishini **ebusuku¹²**. Ukhanyisa ugesi. Ufuna ukuzenzela itiye. **Maye babo!¹³** Kukhonani phansi? Kugcwele amaphela **akhuluphele¹⁴** namancane. Umama uthatha isicathulo sakhe uwashaya **ngaso¹⁵**. **Amanye¹⁶** amaphela ayafa **kodwa¹⁷** maningi kakhulu, ayabaleka azicashela emakhabeteni phakathi kwezimpahla. Uyajuluka umama ngoba naye uyagijima. **Uthukuthele¹⁸** impela umama.

Uvula ikhabethe manje, kodwa ubonani? Nazi ke ezinye izitha, amagundwane! Amakhabethe agcwele amagundwane. Adla **konke¹⁹** ukudla. Umama uthi, “**Magundwane²⁰**, sekuyimpi phakathi kwami nani manje. Ngizonibulala nginiqede nya!” Umama uthatha umshanelo ashaye, ashaye, ashaye futhi kodwa akabulali nelilodwa igundwane. Hawu bandla siyamzwela lo mama, uhlupheke kabi. Uzokwenzenjani bo!

From: Muller, B & B Mthethwa. 1983. *Sanibona II*. Noel Glass Press: Durban

1.1 Questions / *Imibuzo*

Answer in full sentences. / *Phendula ngemisho ephelele*

- Kukhonani ekhaya?
- Enzani amazonenze?
- Izenze lirnlumaphi umama?

- d) Umama uwabulala ngani amaphela?
- e) Ufunani ekhabetheni umama?
- f) Kukhonani ekhabetheni?
- g) Uwashaya ngani amagundwane?
- h) Wena wesaba amaphela na?
- i) Lidlani amagundwane?
- j) Wena wesaba amagundwane ne?

(10)

1.2 Fill in the table below. / Gcwalisa ithebula elingezi.

Write only the question number and your answer in your answer sheet.

Bhala inombolo yombuzo nempendulo yakho kuphela encwadini yakho yokuphendula.

No.	Words / Amagama	Word Category / Uhlobo Iwegama
1	ekhaya	
2	akajabuli	
3	amazonze namaphela	
4	futhi	
5	ukuwaqeda	
6	nya	
7	hawu	
8	uzama	
9	elibomvu	
10	emlenzeni	
11	kakhulu	

No.	Words / Amagama	Word Category / Uhlobo Iwegama
12	ebusuku	
13	maye babo	
14	akhuluphele	
15	ngaso	
16	amanye	
17	kodwa	
18	uthukuthele	
19	konke	
20	magundwane	

(20)

[30]

QUESTION 2 / UMBUZO 2 Verb and pronoun / Isenzo nesabizwana

Examine the table below. Using what is given, answer the questions below.

Hlolisa ithebula elingezi. Sebenzisa okunikeziwe, bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

Noun Class	NCP	Example	SM	OM	Pronoun (Emphatic)
1	Umu-/um-	Umuntu/umfana	u-	-mu/-m-	yena
1a	u-	Umama; uThemba	u-	-mu/-m-	yena
2	Aba-	Abantu/abelusi	ba-	-ba-	bona
2a	o-	oThemba	ba-	-ba-	bona
3	Umu-/um-	Umshini/umusa	u-	-wu-	wona
4	Imi-	Imishini	i-	-yi-	yonia
5	I (li)-	izulu	li-	-li-	lona

Noun Class	NCP	Example	SM	OM	Pronoun (Emphatic)
6	Ama-	amafu	a-	-wa-	wona
7	Isi-	isinkwa	si-	-si-	sona
8	Izi-	izifo	zi-	-zi-	zona
9	In-/im-	inkomo	i-	-yi-	yona
10	Izin-/izim-	izinkomo	zi-	-zi-	zona
11	U(lu)-	ufudu	lu-	-lu-	lona
14	Ubu-	ubuhle	bu-	-bu-	bona
15	Uku-	ukudla	ku-	-ku-	khona/kona

2.1 Give a detailed discussion of how the Subject Morphemes (SM) and Object Morphemes (OM) are derived from the noun classes.

Chaza kabanzi isisuselwa sezivumelwano zikaMenzi nezikaMenziwa ezigabeni zamabizo.

(14)

2.2 Describe the formation of the emphatic pronouns in the table above.

Chaza isakhiwo sezabizwana zoqobo ethebuleni elingenhla.

(6)

[20]

QUESTION 3 / UMBUZO 3 Copulatives / Izibanjalo

Read the story below and answer the questions that follow:

Funda indaba engezansi bese uphendula imibuzo eyilandelayo:

Umndeni wakithi

NginguJabulani¹. Umndeni wakithi mkhulu². Nginabafowethu³ abayisithupha nodadewethu oyedwa. Mina ngingowesithathu⁴ ekhaya. **Bibili**⁵ abakhulu kunami. Udadewethu ngowokugcina. **Sibaningi**⁶ impela ngaphandle kukamama nobaba. **Asinanhlanhla**⁷ ngoba indlu yethu **ayinawo amakamelo**⁸ amaningi.

Ubaba uthi ngifuze yena, kodwa bakhona abafowethu abafuze umama. Udadewethu ufana nomama noma esemncane. Yena usangena isikole, wenza

ibanga lokugcina. **Bane⁹** abantwana abasangena isikole kithi. Thina esikhulile sesiyasebenza noma sisafunda izifundo eziphakeme ekoliji noma enyuvesi. Ubaba nomama bahlezi ekhaya, baphumule.

Abanye abafowethu sebeshadile noma belandula mina ekhaya. Omama nobaba banabazukulu abanangi. Kukhona amantombazane nabafana. Ngamaholide ezikole bavakashela kithi, bese kuba umsindo ilanga lonke uma umuntu efuna ukusebenza.

Mina ngifuna ukuqeda izifundo zami ngaphambi kokushada. Angifuni **ukuba nabantwana¹⁰** manje, ngoba laba bantwana bakithi bayahlupha. Angazi ukuthi ngizofundisa kanjani uma ngiphasanyiswa kanjalo lapha ekhaya!

Noma kunjalo, ngiyawuthanda umndeni wakithi. Siyajabula sonke uma sihlangene ngamaholide noma ngempelasonto. Thina siphumule nje ekhaya sipheke, sidle kamnandi.

My family

My name is Jabulani. My family is big. I have six brothers and one sister. I am the third eldest at home. I have two brothers who are older than me. My sister is the last born. We are many without mother and father. We are not lucky because our house does not have many rooms.

My father says that I look like him, but there are some of my brothers who look like mother. My sister is just like mother even if she is still young. She is still at school, doing the last grade. There are four of the children still at school in our family. We who are grown up already work or are still studying higher education at college or at university. Mom and dad are retired, they stay at home and rest.

Some of my brothers are already married, even if they are younger than me. Mom and dad have many grandchildren. There are girls and boys. During the school holidays they come and visit at our place, then there is noise all day long even if a person wants to work.

As for me, I want to complete my studies before getting married. I do not want to have children now, because these children at our place are bothersome. I do not know how I am going to teach if I am so disturbed at home!

Nevertheless, I love my family. All of us are happy when we meet during holidays or on weekends. We relax at home, cooking and eating well/nicely.

Imibuzo / Questions:

Write only the question number and your answer in your answer sheet.

Bhala inombolo yombuzo nempendulo yakho kuphela encwadini yakho yokuphendula.

Words / Amagama	Description of type of copulative / incazelo yenhlobo yesibanjalo
e.g. ngisesikoleni	Descriptive copulative based on locative / isibanjalo sokukhanyisa, esisuselewe ondaweni
1 NginguJabulani	
2 mkhulu	
3 nginabafowethu	
4 ngingowesithathu	
5 babili	
6 sibanningi	
7 asinanhlanhla	
8 ayinawo amakamelo	
9 bane	
10 ukuba nabantwana	

[30]

QUESTION 4 / UMBUZO 4 Freewriting / Umbhalo okhululekile

Write approximately 1 page maximum on a topic of your choice. / Bhala nganoma yini oyikhethayo kungeqi ikhasi libe linye.

[20]

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