

## UNIVERSITY OF JOHANNESBURG FACULTY OF EDUCATION

## **AUGUST EXAMINATION 2018**

PROGRAMME: B Ed Intermediate Phase programme

MODULE: Mathematics for the Intermediate Phase

**CODE: MATINA2** 

TIME: 2 hours 30 minutes

**MARKS: 100** 

**EXAMINERS:** Mrs K Fonseca

MODERATOR: Prof C Long

(This paper consists of 6 pages)

## INSTRUCTIONS:

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

- 1. This question paper consists of 5 questions.
- 2. Answer all the questions.
- 3. Number the questions correctly as in the question paper.
- 4. Read each question carefully before answering.
- 5. Show ALL working out.
- 6. You may NOT use a calculator.
- 7. Write NEATLY and LEGIBLY.

**Question 1: Multiple Choice** 

8 marks

1.1 Subtract: 6 000 – 2 369

(1)

- A. 4369
- B. 3742
- C. 3 631
- D. 3 531

1.2 Which of these numbers is the smallest number?

(1)

- A. 0,625
- B. 0, 5
- C. 0, 25
- D. 0, 125

1.3 At school A, a bell rings every half an hour and at school B a bell rings every 35 (1) minutes. If the two bells ring together at 08:00, at what time will they ring together again?

- A. 10:30
- B. 10:55
- C. 11:30
- D. 12:00

1.4 The first odd number is 1, the second is 3 and the third one is 5. What is the hundredth odd number? (1)

- A. 99
- B. 201

- C. 199
- D. 101
- 1.5 Which of these fractions is smallest? (1)
- A.  $\frac{1}{3}$
- B.  $\frac{2}{3}$
- C.  $\frac{1}{6}$
- D.  $\frac{1}{2}$
- 1.6 What is the Highest Common Factor (HCF) of 12, 16, 24, 40? (1)
- A. 3
- B. 4
- C. 8
- D. 12
- 1.7 Divíde: (1)

 $0.003\overline{15.45}$ 

- A. 0,515
- B. 5.15
- C. 5150
- D. 515
- 1.8  $2 \times (6+8) + 8 \times (6+8)$  (1)
- A. 38

- B. 76
- C. 96
- D. 140

Question 2 17 marks

- 2.1 Let  $a = 2^3 \cdot 3^1 \cdot 7^2$
- 2.1.1 Is  $2^2 cdot 7^1 = 28$  a factor of a? Why or why not? (2)
- 2.1.2 Is  $2^1 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 7^1 = 126$  a factor of a? Why or why not? (2)
- 2.1.3 One factor of a is  $b = 2^2 ext{.} ext{ 3}^1$ . What is the quotient when a is divided by b? (3)
- 2.2 A learner claims that 157 163 is divisible by 3 since the last digit in the number is 3. Explain how you would correct the learner's thinking.
- 2.3 Determine the LCM of 360, 900 and 250. (4)
- 2.4 Ms Chauke's learners are working on the following problem: (3)

Is 371 a prime number?

As she walks around the room looking at their books, she sees many different ways to solve this problem.

Which solution method is correct?

- A. Check to see whether 371 is divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 0r 9
- B. Break 371 into 3 and 71 they are both prime.
- C. Check to see whether 371 is divisible by any prime number less than 20.
- D. Break 371 into 37 and 1 they are both prime, so 371 must also be prime.

Explain, why you say so.

## Question 3

35 marks

3.1 Given the list of numbers:

$$4\frac{1}{2}$$
;  $\frac{6(3-1)}{3}$ ;  $7-\sqrt{64}$ ; 0,316147...;  $\sqrt{5}$ ;  $\sqrt[3]{1}-3$ ;  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 

From the list above select all the:

- 3.1.1 Natural numbers (2)
- 3.1.2 integers (3)
- 3.1.3 Rational numbers (2)
- 3.1.4 Irrational numbers (2)
- 3.2 John wrote the following number sentence in a test:

$$12 \div 2 = 2 \div 12$$

- 3.2.1 State whether John's number sentence is correct. If not write the correct number (3) sentence.
- 3.2.2 Explain why you say the number sentence is correct or incorrect. (2)
- 3.3 Calculate the following using the breaking down method: (4)

422 956 - 316 542

- 3.4.1 Calculate  $132 \times 23$  using the partial products algorithm. (4)
- 3.4.2 Lucy is struggling to multiply 3-digit numbers by 2-digit numbers. You decided that you would help her by drawing a rectangular-area-model for 719 × 24 to help her understand after you have shown her the partial product algorithm.

Illustrate  $719 \times 24$  in a rectangular-area-model and explain why this model is useful when teaching multiplication of multi-digit numbers.

3.5.1 When two odd numbers are added will the result always be an even number? (3) Use inductive reasoning to determine your answer.

- 3.5.2 Use representational reasoning to show your answer. (3)
- 3.5.3 Explain what is meant by a conjecture. (2)

Question 4 23 marks

- 4.1 Determine 3 rational number between  $\frac{1}{16}$  and  $\frac{3}{16}$ . (3)
- 4.2 Calculate: (4)  $6\frac{1}{3} + 3\frac{3}{4} 2\frac{1}{12}$
- Zanele use  $\frac{1}{3}$  of her salary for rent,  $\frac{2}{5}$  for groceries and  $\frac{1}{4}$  for other expenses. (4) How much of her salary is left if she earns R4500.
- Calculate  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{3} =$ ; illustrate your working out with the aid of fraction strips. (4)
- 4.5 Illustrate why  $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{15}$ ; using a number line. (4)
- Calculate  $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{5}$  =; illustrate your working out with the Rectangular- Areamodel. (4)

Question 5 17 marks

5.1 Replace the \* by >, < or = to make the sentence true:

$$5.1.1 0,04*0,03$$
 (1)

$$\frac{5.1.2}{3} * - 0, \dot{3} \tag{2}$$

$$5.1.3 \qquad \sqrt[3]{0,125} * \frac{1}{2} \tag{2}$$

5.2	Round the following decimal fraction to the nearest thousandth:	(2)
	8, 3922	
5.3	Express $\frac{5}{6}$ as a decimal fraction	(2)
5.4	When asked to perform the decimal computations 3, $6 \times 0$ , 2 and 8, $36 \div 0$ , 4, some learners submitted the answers shown below:	
	3.6 ×0.2 7.2 0.4)8.36	
5.4.1	Identify the errors made by each student.	(4)
5.4.2	Explain how the learners can avoid making the same errors in future.	(4)