



PROGRAM

NATIONAL DIPLOMA

EXTRACTION METALLURGY

SUBJECT

METALLURGICAL THERMODYNAMICS 2

CODE

THM 21-2 SSA Exam

DATE

27 July 2016

TIME

08H00

WEIGHT

40:60

TOTAL MARKS

68

ASSESSOR

N. TSHIONGO-MAKGWE

MODERATOR

MARCEL KALEMBA

NUMBER OF PAGES

4 PAGES AND A 2-PAGE ANNEXURE

INSTRUCTIONS

First read carefully through all questions; only then

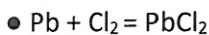
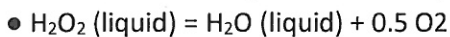
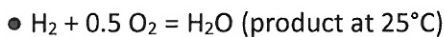
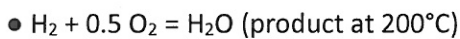
- Answer all questions in any sequence – but
- Please start answering each question on a new page
- You must clearly demonstrate how you arrived at a given answer, results alone are insufficient
- Finally: Check whether an answer makes sense; is the result likely?
- Calculators are permitted, brains also, but nothing else because
- All data required for calculations are provided in the Annexure

Question 1 Applied basic concepts of thermodynamics 16

1.1 What is wrong with the enthalpy changes given for the following two reactions: 2



1.2 Consider the following four reactions: Indicate whether in your opinion the entropy increases, decreases or remains unchanged; do not calculate but give reasons for your answers! 8



1.3 Estimate the thermal energy rejected to the low-temperature reservoir of a Carnot machine for the following conditions: 2

• High-temperature energy	Q_{hi}	=	500	MJ
• Carnot efficiency	η	=	25%	

1.4 Briefly describe in words which two fundamental tendencies of nature are reflected in the formula for the change of the Gibbs free energy, and to which terms in the formula they relate. 4

Question 2 Energy required to heat matter 8

You have to design a plant that is able to evaporate 55 t/h of water to produce steam at 300°C; the feed water is at 25°C, the steam at 1 atm. How much power do you need? 8

Assume no losses; use mean heat capacities

Question 3 Too hot - cool down 10

A silver coin (10 g of pure silver) is heated up to 600°C and then dropped into a beaker containing 50 mL of water at 18°C. Calculate the increase in water temperature. 10

4 Stability of Oxides 8

4.1 Lead dioxide can dissociate according to: $\text{PbO}_2 = \text{PbO} + \frac{1}{2} \text{O}_2$, forming litharge. Estimate the temperature up to which PbO_2 is stable under standard conditions. 6

4.2 Give one example each of an oxide that is thermally rather unstable and one that is thermally very stable. 2

No calculation required for 4.2

Question 5 Interpretation of theoretical concept 8

A Carnot engine operates between the temperatures of 373°C (high temperature reservoir) and 50°C (cold reservoir), producing 111 kWh of mechanical work.

5.1 Sketch the process in a p-V diagram and indicate the performed work

5.2 Define efficiency in general terms

5.3 Calculate the efficiency of the heat engine

5.4 What is the required input of thermal energy in MJ?

5.5 Express in one sentence what fundamental insight we gain from the operation of a Carnot engine?

Question 6 Use of equilibrium constant: Reduction of oxides with hydrogen

18

Consider the reduction of metal oxides to the respective metals by hydrogen gas at 1 atm:

- 6.1 Formulate the reaction and define the equilibrium constant K for the reduction of a metal oxide of the composition MO . 2
- 6.2 Calculate and compare the equilibrium constants at 1100°C for the reduction of manganese oxide (MnO) and cupric oxide (CuO). 12
- 6.3 What qualitative statement can you make as regards the usefulness of this reaction for the industrial production of the two metals? 4

Good Luck!!!

Data you need for calculations:

Mole volume	V_{mol}	=	22.4 L/mol
Gas constant	R	=	8.31 J/(mol K)
Oxygen in air	ξ_{O_2}	=	21.0%
Temperature	0°C	=	273 K

Substance				Enthalpy	Entropy	Heat Capacity				
Name	Formula	State	Mol Mass g/mol	H ₂₉₈ J/mol	S ₂₉₈ J/(mol K)	Temp Range K	a	b	C _{mean} x 10 ³ J/(mol K)	
Acetylene	C ₂ H ₂	gas	26.0	226 731	201.0	298 - 3000	50.2	14.2	72.9	
Aluminium	Al	sol	27.0		28.3	298 - 933	19.8	14.4	28.5	
	Alliq	liq		10 711	39.8	933 - 2790			31.7	
Aluminium oxide, <i>alumina</i>	Al ₂ O ₃	sol	102.0	-1 675 274	50.9	298 - 800	58.2	83.5	101	
	Al ₂ O ₃ hi					800 - 2327	112.2	12.7	133	
Cadmium	Cd	sol	112.4		51.8	298 - 594	22.3	12.2	27.4	
	Cdliq	liq		6 192	62.2	594 - 1040			29.7	
	Cdgas	gas		111 796	167.7	1040 - 1500			20.8	
Cadmium carbonate	CdCO ₃	sol	172.4	- 751 865	92.5	298 - 600	43.1	131.8	99.9	
Cadmium oxide	CdO	sol	128.4	- 258 990	54.8	298 - 1500	43.0	9.7	51.5	
Calcium oxide, <i>lime</i>	CaO	sol	56.1	- 635 089	38.1	298 - 3200	46.0	6.0	56.0	
Ca-carbonate, <i>calcite</i>	CaCO ₃	sol	100.1	-1 206 921	92.9	298 - 1200	74.8	50.2	110	
Carbon, <i>graphite</i>	C	sol	12.0		5.7	298 - 1100	4.9	17.2	16.3	
Carbon monoxide	CO	gas	28.0	- 110 541	197.7	298 - 5000	30.9	1.9	33.0	
Carbon dioxide	CO ₂	gas	44.0	- 393 505	213.8	298 - 500	26.0	37.2	35.6	
	CO ₂ hi					500 - 5000	51.9	3.0	60.1	
Chromium	Cr	sol	52.0		23.6	298 - 2130	20.3	12.1	30.0	
	Crliq	liq		16 900	31.6	2130 - 2945			39.3	
Chromium(III)-oxide	Cr ₂ O ₃	sol	152.0	-1 139 701	81.2	298 - 2603	114.8	11.2	131	
Iron-chrome spinel <i>chromite</i>	FeCr ₂ O ₄	sol	223.8	-1 458 124	142.0	298 - 2123	140.1	35.5	183	
Copper	Cu	sol	63.5		33.2	298 - 1358	22.0	7.4	28.0	
	Culiq	liq		13 138	42.8	1358 - 2843			32.8	
Copper(I)-oxide, <i>cuprite</i>	Cu ₂ O	sol	143.1	- 170 707	92.3	298 - 1508	56.4	25.8	79.7	
	Cu ₂ Oliq	liq		- 105 939	135.0	1508 - 2000			99.9	
Copper(II)-oxide, <i>tenorite</i>	CuO	sol	79.5	- 156 063	42.6	298 - 1397	40.8	13.9	48.6	
<i>Chalcopyrite</i>	CuFeS ₂	sol	183.5	- 190 372	125.0	298 - 830	78.6	63.6	114	
Cu(I)-sulfide, <i>chalcocite</i>	Cu ₂ S	sol	159.1	- 81 170	116.2	298 - 1400	47.9	97.2	85.7	
Cu-Matte	Cu ₂ Sliq	liq		- 68 325	125.3	1400 - 2000			89.7	
Cu(II)-sulfide, <i>covellite</i>	CuS	sol	95.6	- 53 095	66.5	298 - 1300	44.4	11.0	53.0	
Gold	Au	sol	197.0		47.5	298 - 1336	24.0	4.4	26.7	
	Auliq	liq		12 552	56.9	1336 - 3130			31.0	
Hydrogen	H ₂	gas	2.0		130.7	298 - 5000	28.2	2.7	35.0	
Iron	Fe	sol	55.8		27.3	298 - 1811	23.1	16.0	38.7	
	Feliq	liq		13 807	34.9	1811 - 3158			45.0	
Iron(II)-oxide, <i>wüstite</i>	FeO	sol	71.8	- 267 270	57.6	298 - 1650	47.9	10.7	58.0	
		liq		- 243 212	72.2	1650 - 3687			68.2	
Iron(II)(III)-oxide, <i>magnetite</i>	Fe ₃ O ₄	sol	231.5	-1 118 383	146.1	298 - 1870	75.5	240.1	207	
Iron-iron spinel Fe [Fe ₂ O ₄]	Fe ₃ O ₄ liq	liq		- 980 311	220.0	1870 - 2000			213	
Iron(III)-oxide, <i>hematite</i>	Fe ₂ O ₃	sol	159.7	- 824 248	87.4	298 - 1700	78.1	99.8	142.0	
Iron carbonate, <i>siderite</i>	FeCO ₃	sol	115.9	- 740 568	92.9	298 - 800	48.7	112.1	106.0	
Iron sulfide, <i>pyrrhotite</i>	FeS	sol	87.9	- 105 441	60.8	298 - 1465	31.0	63.0	68.0	
Fe-Matte	FeSliq	liq		- 72 977	82.3	1465 - 3000			62.6	
Iron sulfide, <i>pyrite</i>	FeS ₂	sol	120.0	- 171 544	52.9	298 - 1000	56.0	27.8	73.0	
Lead	Pb	sol	207.2		64.8	298 - 600	24.2	8.7	28.1	
	Pbliq	liq		4 770	72.7	600 - 1200			29.7	
Lead oxide, <i>litharge</i>	PbO	sol	223.2	- 218 062	68.7	298 - 1159	41.8	16.1	53.1	
	PbOliq	liq		- 192 540	90.7	1159 - 2000			65.0	
Lead dioxide, <i>plattnerite</i>	PbO ₂	sol	239.2	- 274 470	71.8	298 - 1200	58.9	20.4	73.4	
Lead sulfide, <i>galena</i>	PbS	sol	239.3	- 98 634	91.3	298 - 1386	46.6	9.5	54.0	
	PbSliq	liq		- 79 806	104.9	1386 - 2000			66.9	
Lead sulfate, <i>anglesite</i>	PbSO ₄	sol	303.3	- 923 137	149.5	298 - 1139	66.5	110.0	144.0	
Magnesium	Mg	sol	24.3		32.7	298 - 922	21.4	11.8	28.5	
	Mgliq	liq		8 954	42.4	922 - 1361			32.6	
	Mggas	gas		146 440	148.6	1361 - 2000			20.8	
Mg-carbonate, <i>magnesite</i>	MgCO ₃	sol	84.3	-1 095 798	65.7	298 - 700	47.8	99.0	94.0	

Mg-oxide, <i>periklase</i>	MgO	sol	40.3	- 601 241	26.9	298 - 3105	42.8	6.0	53.0
Manganese	Mn	sol	54.9		32.0	298 - 1517	20.7	18.7	28.6
	Mnliq	liq		12 100	40.0	1517 - 2332			46.0
Manganese carbonate	MnCO ₃	sol	114.9	- 894 100	85.8	298 - 700	58.1	85.4	106
Manganese oxide	MnO	sol	70.9	- 385 221	59.7	298 - 1500	42.9	10.9	52.3
Mn-dioxide, <i>pyrolusite</i>	MnO ₂	sol	86.9	- 520 029	53.0	298 - 523	35.1	66.0	62.9
Mercury (quicksilver)	Hg	liq	200.6		75.9	298 - 630	28.4	-2.1	27.4
	Hggas	gas		61 291	174.8	630 - 3000			20.8
Mercury oxide, <i>red mercury</i>	HgO	sol	216.6	- 90 789	70.3	298 - 800	36.6	27.6	50.8
Mercury sulfide, <i>cinnabar</i>	HgS	sol	232.7	- 53 346	82.4	298 - 1098	43.9	15.4	53.5
	HgSgas	gas		127 194	254.2	1098 - 2000	36.6	0.5	37.1
Methane	CH ₄	gas	16.0	- 74 873	186.2	298 - 1000	19.3	54.8	54.3
Nickel	Ni	sol	58.7		29.9	298 - 1728	19.1	23.5	33.0
	Niliq	liq		17 472	40.0	1728 - 3187			43.1
Nickel carbonate	NiCO ₃	sol	118.7	- 694 544	86.2	298 - 700	67.1	68.1	99.0
Nickel carbonyl	Ni(CO) ₄	gas	170.8	- 602 910	410.6	298 - 2000	152.7	29.1	184.8
Nickel oxide	NiO	sol	74.7	- 239 701	38.0	298 - 2228	20.9	36.5	58.0
Nickel sulfide, <i>millerite</i>	NiS	sol	90.8	- 87 864	53.0	298 - 1249	36.5	27.4	51.0
Ni-sulfide, <i>heazlewoodite</i>	Ni ₃ S ₂	sol	208.1	- 216 313	133.9	298 - 1062			150
Nitrogen	N ₂	gas	28.0		191.6	298 - 1600	28.0	3.1	30.8
Octane (n-octane)	C ₈ H ₁₈	liq	114.2	- 250 000	360.0	298 - 400			254.0
Oxygen	O ₂	gas	32.0		205.1	298 - 5000	31.9	2.5	38.3
Palladium	Pd	sol	106.4		37.8	298 - 1825	24.2	6.4	29.4
Palladium oxide	PdO	sol	122.4	- 115 478	38.9	298 - 1200	21.0	34.7	45.6
Platinum	Pt	sol	195.1		41.6	298 - 2045	24.3	5.4	30.4
	Ptliq	liq		19 665	51.3	2045 - 4096			34.7
Silicon	Si	sol	28.1		18.8	298 - 1685	19.7	6.1	25.5
	Siliq	liq		50 208	48.6	1685 - 3504			27.2
Silica	SiO ₂	sol	60.1	- 910 857	41.5	298 - 1996	29.2	56.8	65.0
	SiO2liq	liq		- 901 292	49.3	1996 - 3000			85.8
Silver	Ag	sol	107.9		42.7	298 - 1234	24.3	2.5	28.0
	Agliq	liq		11 297	51.8	1234 - 2433			33.5
Silver oxide	Ag ₂ O	sol	231.7	- 31 049	121.3	298 - 500	49.2	56.2	70.2
Slag, <i>calcium ortho silicate</i>	Ca ₂ SiO ₄	sol	172.2	-2 315 216	120.8	298 - 2403	145.9	40.8	164
	Ca2SiO4liq	liq		-2 244 000	170.8	2403 - 2800			209
Slag, <i>fayalite</i>	Fe ₂ SiO ₄	sol	203.8	-1 479 902	145.2	298 - 1490	125.5	60.6	153
	Fe2SiO4liq	liq		-1 387 728	61.9	1490 - 1700			241
Sulfur	S	sol	32.1		32.1	298 - 388	16.8	20.1	23.0
	Sliq	liq		2 122	37.6	388 - 882	30.0	6.8	34.1
	S2gas	gas		128 599	228.2	882 - 5000	35.2	1.9	40.2
Sulfur dioxide	SO ₂	gas	64.1	- 296 813	248.2	50 - 500	30.8	31.9	39.0
	SO2hi	hi				500 - 5000	52.5	3.0	60.7
Tin <i>grey</i> <i>white</i>	Sngr	sol		- 2 092	44.1	298 - 398	25.8		25.8
	Sn	sol	150.7		51.2	298 - 505	21.6	18.1	28.8
	Snliq	liq		7 029	65.1	505 - 800			25.5
Tin dioxide, <i>cassiterite</i>	SnO ₂	sol	150.7	- 577 631	49.0	298 - 1903	58.7	18.2	78.8
Water	Ice	sol		-279 850		< 273			37.0
	H ₂ O	liq	18.0	- 285 830	69.9	298 - 373	73.0	7.9	75.5
	H2Ogas	gas		- 241 827	188.8	373 - 1600	30.1	10.0	38.5
Zinc	Zn	sol	65.4		41.6	298 - 693	22.2	10.5	27.1
	Znliq	liq		7 322	52.2	693 - 1 180			31.4
	Zngas	gas		130 415	161.0	1 180 - 2 000			20.8
Zinc carbonate, <i>smithonite</i>	ZnCO ₃	sol	125.4	- 812 780	82.4	298 - 500	38.9	138.1	93.0
Zinc oxide, <i>zincite</i>	ZnO	sol	81.4	- 350 460	43.6	298 - 2248	41.4	9.5	53.3
Zinc sulfide, <i>sphalerite</i>	ZnS	sol	97.4	- 201 669	57.7	298 - 1293	44.7	10.6	52.8