
$\frac{\text { UNIVERSITY }}{\text { JOHANNESBURG }}$
Department of Commercial Accounting
Applied Accounting Skills 1A
AAS11A1

## Final Assessment Opportunity 2016

11 June 2016
Time: 2 hours Marks: 70

Assessors: Mr H. Reddy, Mr E. Kodisang, Mr F. Hemmings, Mr M. Maseko
Moderators: Mrs I. Baigrie (internal)

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- This paper consists of 8 pages (including the cover page and the attached templates for questions 2 and 6 - please place these in your answer book when you hand it in.).
- Answer all questions in INK in the answer books provided.
- Show all calculations and workings clearly.
- Silent, non-programmable calculators may be used.
- Where applicable, round all calculations to the nearest Rand, unless stipulated otherwise.

| Question | Topic | Marks | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Accounting Theory | 10 | 18 minutes |
| 2 | Accounting Equation | 12 | 20 minutes |
| 3 | Accounting Cycle and Journal Entries | 10 | 18 minutes |
| 4 | Current and Non-Current Assets | 14 | 24 minutes |
| 5 | Financial Statements | 12 | 20 minutes |
| 6 | Value Added Tax | 12 | 20 minutes |
|  |  | 70 | 120 minutes |

## QUESTION 1

1.1 A profit company is formed for the purpose of financial gain for the shareholders. Name the FOUR types of profit companies identified in the Companies Act of South Africa, No 71 of 2008.
1.2 Fruit is an example of a zero-rated supply in relation to value added tax. List TWO other examples of goods that are zero-rated for value added tax.
1.3 Provide the definition of "equity" as outlined in the Accounting Framework.
1.4 List two of the four enhancing qualitative characteristics that need to be considered when preparing financial statements.

## QUESTION 2

(12 MARKS)

Mr M. Moses is the owner of Moses Trading. He uses the perpetual inventory system. The following transactions took place during the month of May 2016:
May 2016
Example: Mr Moses deposited R50 000 into the business bank account.
01 Borrowed R60 000 from ABC Bank. The capital together with the interest is to be paid in full in 18 months' time. Interest is calculated at $12 \%$ per annum compounded monthly.
03 Paid the "Daily Newspaper" for advertising, R900.
08 Sold merchandise on credit to customers for R3 000. The items sold had a cost of R2 500.

12 Purchased a vehicle for the sales manager for R240 000 from Delta Motors. A deposit of R40 000 was paid on signing the documents and the balance to be paid in equal monthly instalments of R7 500 commencing on 1 July 2016.
22 Paid the account of a supplier, R1 700.
24 The owner took merchandise costing R925 from stock as a donation to the Soweto Child and Family Welfare Society.

28 Received rental income of R6 250 for the equipment which is let to a supplier.
29 The owner contributed his personal computer to the business, valued at R12 000.

## QUESTION 2 continued...

## REQUIRED:

2.1 Use the attached template, which is in the format below, to record the above transactions under the accounting equation. Show an increase with a plus (+) and a decrease with a minus (-).
NOTE: An amount without a (+) or (-) sign will be marked incorrect.

| ASSETS |  |  |  |  | OWNER'S EQUITY |  | LIABILI-TIES |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date | Bank | Receivables | Inventory | Equipment | Vehicles | Capital | Income / <br> Expenses | Long-term <br> loans | Payables |
| Opening <br> balances | +23300 | +19700 | +4800 | +90000 | +180000 | +200000 | +111000 | - | +6800 |
| Example | +50000 |  |  |  |  | +50000 |  |  |  |

2.2 Calculate the closing balances and use the template provided to prove that the accounting equation balances.

## QUESTION 3

(10 MARKS)

Mr More is the owner of More Stores. He is not VAT registered as he has not yet reached the VAT threshold. He uses the perpetual inventory system and expenses stationery as it is purchased. The following transactions took place during the month of May 2016:

## MAY 2016

03 Purchased inventory on credit from Ebony Wholesalers, R5 500.
06 Paid for stationery, R1 300.
16 Sold merchandise to credit customer, L. Lionel, for R4 000. The items cost R2 500.
23 Paid R3 500 on account to Ebony Wholesalers.
31 Purchased equipment and paid R4 400 by cheque.

## REQUIRED:

3.1 Prepare the journal entries for the above transactions as they would be recorded in the journals of More Stores for the month of June 2015.
Journal narrations are not required.

## QUESTION 4

(14 MARKS)
4.1 The following information was extracted from the financial records of Beta Traders for the reporting period ended 31 December 2015:

|  | Cost price | Net Realisable value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Inventory: Product Brick (1 800 units) | R14.30 | R16.00 |
| Product Tile (740 units) | R21.00 | R19.50 |

## REQUIRED:

4.1 Calculate the value of the closing inventory of Beta Traders on 31 December 2015.
4.2 Delta Traders uses the periodic inventory system to record inventory. The following information relates to the reporting period ended 29 February 2016:

| Inventory on 1 March 2015 | R 110000 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Purchases for cash | R 650000 |
| Purchases on account | R 290000 |
| Purchases returns | R 34700 |
| Carriage on purchases | R 12000 |
| Courier costs for delivery to clients | R 14300 |
| Inventory on 29 February 2016 | R 125000 |

## REQUIRED:

4.2 Calculate the cost of sales for Delta Traders for the year ended 29 February 2016.
4.3 Echo Traders, who are not VAT registered, purchased equipment on 1 January 2015 for R456 000. The directors decided that the equipment will have a useful life of 6 years and a residual value of R36 000 at the end of its useful life. On 1 May 2015, they purchase a motor vehicle for R252 000. They resolved to depreciate the motor vehicle at $20 \%$ per annum to a zero residual value, as the vehicle will be donated to charity at the end of its useful life. They depreciate all their equipment and motor vehicles on the straight line basis.

## REQUIRED:

4.3 Calculate the depreciation expense for Echo Traders for the year ended 31 December 2015.

## QUESTION 5

(12 MARKS)

Preston Stores is a retail general dealer. They are not VAT registered and use the perpetual inventory system. The following information is from the accounting records for the reporting period ended 29 February 2016:
Trial Balance at 29 February 2016:

|  | DEBITS | CREDITS |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| Capital |  | 145130 |
| Drawings | 123000 |  |
| Vehicles | 178340 |  |
| Accumulated depreciation on vehicles |  | 35600 |
| Loan from Delta Bank |  | 50000 |
| Investments | 60000 |  |
| Inventory | 46000 |  |
| Receivables | 16270 |  |
| Bank | 8090 |  |
| Payables |  | 7780 |
| Sales | 567810 |  |
| Cost of sales | 44000 |  |
| Rent expense | 3400 |  |
| Advertising | 134890 |  |
| Salaries | 14200 |  |
| Depreciation | 1400 |  |
| Telephone | 4560 |  |
| Interest expense |  |  |
| Interest income | 1201960 | 1201960 |
|  |  |  |

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The bookkeeper has advised you that she had not yet paid the February 2016 rent of R4 000.

## REQUIRED:

5.1 Prepare the Statement of Profit or Loss for Preston Stores for the reporting period ended 29 February 2016.
5.2 Prepare the statement of changes in equity of Preston Stores for the reporting period ended 29 February 2016.

## QUESTION 6

(12 MARKS)
Jabu Traders is a registered VAT vendor that retails clothing. Jabu Traders transacts with registered and non-registered VAT vendors. The following transactions were entered into for the month of February 2016:

| Date | Transaction | Amount inclusive of VAT if applicable | Supplier VAT registered | Input VAT | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Output } \\ \text { VAT } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | No VAT $(\square)$ | Reason if no VAT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01/02/2016 | Purchased inventory for cash | R22 230.00 | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 02/02/2016 | Paid the rent for February 2016 | R13 452.00 | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 3/02/2016 | Purchased stationery on credit from CAN Stationers | R1 368.00 | No |  |  |  |  |
| 04/02/2016 | Sold goods on credit (cost price R11 200) | R16 872.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 05/02/2016 | Bought office furniture on account from Furniture Warehouse | R31 920.00 | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 08/02/2016 | Paid the weekly wages | R11 571.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 09/02/2016 | Paid for fuel | R684.00 | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 11/02/2016 | Bought fruit for office use | R 126.00 | Yes |  |  |  |  |
| 14/02/2016 | Paid the interest on the loan | R1 140.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16/02/2016 | Received R4 000 from customers in payment of their accounts | R4 332.00 |  |  |  |  |  |

## REQUIRED:

6.1 Complete the table above on the attached template, showing the VAT amount, and indicating whether it is an input VAT or an output VAT. Where a transaction has no VAT, provide the reason for this as follows: not a supply, not a VAT vendor, zero-rated, prohibited input or exempt supply.
6.2 Calculate the total input VAT for Jabu Traders for the month of February 2016.
6.2 Calculate the total output VAT for Jabu Traders for the month of February 2016.

