

# UNIVERSITY OF JOHANNESBURG FACULTY OF EDUCATION NOVEMBER / DECEMBER SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2014

**PROGRAMME:** B Ed (FET AND SENIOR PHASE)

**MODULE:** METHODOLOGY & PRACTICUM: MATHEMATICS

CODE: MFSPMB2

TIME: 2 hours

**MARKS:** 100

**EXAMINER:** Dr ED Spangenberg

**MODERATOR:** Prof GJ Jacobs

(This paper consists of 10 pages)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions:

- 1. This question paper consists of three questions.
- 2. Answer ALL the questions.
- 3. Number your answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 4. Question 1 should be completed on the template provided in Appendix B.
- 5. Write legibly and present your work neatly.
- 6. Read the questions carefully before answering them.
- 7. Questions may be answered in English or Afrikaans.
- 8. Please submit your question paper, answer sheet and Appendix B.

### **QUESTION 1**

Use the following scenario for the completion of the lesson plan (Appendix B). Make use of the CAPS document information (Appendix A).

CLASS	GRADE	TOPIC	LESSON FOCUS
Mathematics	8	Collect,	Summarize data using measures of
		organize and	dispersion, including:
		summarize	range
		data	extremes

Use the lesson plan template (Appendix B) and complete the following:

1.1	State the three lesson phases.	(3)
1.2	Mention at least three aspects that need to be taken into consideration in	the
	situation analysis.	(3)
1.3	What prior knowledge should learners have and how will you elicit it?	(3)
1.4	State an outcome for each of the three domains.	(3)
1.5	What will your attention focus activity be and how will you conduct it?	(3)
1.6	State at least three important Mathematics ideas you are going to teach.	(3)
1.7	Why is it important for students to know each of these big ideas?	(3)
1.8	What else do you know about each of these big ideas that you do not inte	nd
	learners to know yet?	(3)
1.9	Complete the teacher activities in detail and give particular reasons for us	ing
	these to engage with the ideas.	(4)
1.10	Complete the learner activities in detail. Include problems with solutions.	(4)
1.11	Explain what resources you are going to use and how you are going to ut	ilize
	these.	(4)
1.12	Explain what assessment forms you would use in the lesson to ascertain	
	learners' understanding around these ideas. Also, be specific on what	
	questions you are going to ask to elicit these ideas.	(6)
1.13	Mention what assessment tools you would use in the lesson. Also, give	
	possible answers you will be expecting.	(6)
1.14	State the assessment method you would use to enhance the learning pro	cess
	and give a reason why you would use this particular method.	(2)
		(50

## **QUESTION 2**

- 2.1 Distinguish between baseline, informal, diagnostic, formal and systemic assessment in Mathematics and give one example of each. (15)
- 2.2 The Mathematics marks out of 40 for an assignment of Grade 9E at UJ Winning School written on 12 September 2014 are as follows:

Tsepo	MOHLALA	Т	17
Moses	MDIETSHE	MQ	24
Toka	THAMAE	TR	28
Kimberly	THORNE	KL	35
Michael	MGIBA	MI	26
Nkosinathi	MABASO	N	31
Lister	MAFFA	TL	27
Julia	ZONDO	J	23
Marichen	KLAVER	М	33
Idonette	VENTER	L	35
Mxolisi	MDIETSHE	М	26
Fetullah	KARABEYESER	F	25
Lauren	VILJOEN	IM	27
Ziphilile	MDONDOLO	ZG	32

2.3.1 Design a mark sheet.

(15)

2.3.2 Draw up a question distribution grid according to level descriptors to indicate the symbol distribution of the above marks. (5)

(35)

# **QUESTION 3**

- 3.1 Define Mathematics anxiety. (8)
- 3.2 Discuss guidelines for teachers on reducing Mathematics anxiety. (7)

(15)

**TOTAL: 100** 



# **APPENDIX A**

CONTENT	GRADE 7	GRADE 8	GRADE 9
5.1	Organize and summarize data	Organize and summarize data	Organize and summarize data
Collect, organize and summarize data	Organize (including grouping where appropriate) and record data using	Organize (including grouping where appropriate) and record data using	Organize numerical data in different ways in order to summarize by determining:
uata	- tally marks	- tally marks	- measures of central tendency
	- tables	- tables	- measures of dispersion, including extremes and
	- stem-and-leaf displays	- stem-and-leaf displays	outliers
	Group data into intervals	Group data into intervals	Organize data according to more than one criteria
	Summarize and distinguishing between ungrouped numerical data by determining:	Summarize data using measures of central tendency, including:	
	- mean	- mean	
	- median	- median	
	- mode	- mode	
	Identify the largest and smallest scores in a data set and determine the difference between them in	Summarize data using measures of dispersion, including:	
	order to determine the spread of the data (range)	- range	
		- extremes	

CONTENT AREA	TOPICS	CONCEPTS AND SKILLS	SOME CLARIFICATION NOTES OR TEACHING GUIDELINES	DURATION (in hours)
Data handling	5.1		What is different to Grade 7?	Total time for
=	Collect,		The following are new in Grade 8	collecting an organizing
	organize		extremes	data:
	and summarize		broken line graphs	
	data		dispersion of data	4 hours.
			error and bias in data	
		Collect data	Data sets and contexts	
		Pose questions relating to social, economic, and environmental issues	Learners should be exposed to a variety of contexts that deal with social and environmental issues, and should work with given data sets, represented in	
		Select appropriate sources for the collection of data (including peers, family, newspapers, books,	a variety of ways, that include big number ranges, percentages and decimal fractions. Learners should then practise organizing and summarizing this data, analysing and interpreting the data, and writing a report about the data.	
		magazines)	Complete a data cycle	
		Distinguish between samples and populations, and suggest appropriate samples for investigation	Learners should complete at least one data cycle for the year, starting with posing their own questions, selecting the sources and method for collecting, recording, organizing, representing, analysing, summarizing, interpreting and reporting the	
	Design and use simple questionnaires to answer questions with multiple choice responses	data. Challenge learners to think about what kinds of questions and data need to be collected to be represented on a histogram, a pie chart, a bar graph, or a line graph.		
		Organize and summarize data		
		Organize (including grouping where appropriate) and record data using		
		- tally marks		
		- tables		
		- stem-and-leaf displays		
		Group data into intervals		
		Summarize data using measures of central tendency, including:		
		- mean		
		- median		
		- mode		
		Summarize data using measures of dispersion, including:		
		- range		
		- extremes		

	APPEND	IX B	
Name and Surname:		Student number:	
	<u> </u>		
	Lesson pla	nning	
Subject: Mathematics			Grade:
Topic:			,
The		pl	nase
1. Situation analyses			
2. Baseline/prior	What prior knowledge should learne	ers How are you going	to elicit the prior knowledge?
knowledge	have?		
3. Lesson outcomes	Minds-on lesson outcomes	Hands-on lesson	Hearts-on lesson outcomes
(What for?)	At the end of the lesson learners	outcomes	At the end of the lesson
	will be able to	At the end of the lesson	learners will be able to
		learners will be able to	

Th	phase			
1. Introduction	What activity?	How?		
(Attention focus)				
2. Content (CoReS)				
	IMPORTANT MA	THEMATICS IDEAS/CONCE	PTS	
	Big Idea 1	Big Idea 2	Big Idea 3	
(a) Why is it important fo	r			
students to know these?				
(b) What else do you know	V			
about these ideas (tha	t			
you do not intend learners	3			
to know yet)?				
(c) Teacher activities and	t			
particular reasons fo	r			
using these to engage with	n			
these ideas.				

(d)	Learner activities	
	(problems with solutions)	
	(problems with solutions)	

4. Resources (LTSM) (media)	What?	How?	
	The	pl	nase
1. Assessment	Assessment form (what?)	Assessment tool (how?)	Assessment method (who?)
	What questions are you going to ask to elicit it?	What possible answers are you expecting?	Reason for method:

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