



**Department of Geography, Environmental Management and Energy
Studies**

**GGR2EA1 – HUMAN GEOGRAPHY: INTRODUCTION TO HUMAN
GEOGRAPHY**

Date: 26 May 2021

Total: 100 Marks

Time: 2 hours

Lecturer: Ms Stockigt

QUESTION 1

You will be writing your Semester Test this week.

Please note that the test will become available at 08:00 Wednesday 26 May and it will close at 08:00 on Thursday 27 May.

The test will be timed and limited to prevent cheating. However you can begin the test anytime within these 24 hour period.

Please note that Loadshedding and lack of data are not acceptable excuses. Loadshedding does not last for 24 hours, and there is free Wi-Fi on all the UJ campuses.

Any plagiarism will result in a mark of ZERO.

1.) Answer: A

10.) Answer: A

2.) Answer: D

11.) Answer: B

3.) Answer: C

12.) Answer: E

4.) Answer: A

13.) Answer: A

5.) Answer: B

14.) Answer: A

6.) Answer: D

15.) Answer: C

7.) Answer: E

16.) Answer: A

8.) Answer: A

17.) Answer: A

9.) Answer: A

- 18.) Answer: A
- 19.) Answer: A
- 20.) Answer: D
- 21.) Answer: A
- 22.) Answer: A
- 23.) Answer: E
- 24.) Answer: E
- 25.) Answer: C
- 26.) Answer: C
- 27.) Answer: D
- 28.) Answer: E
- 29.) Answer: E
- 30.) Answer: D
- 31.) Answer: E
- 32.) Answer: D
- 33.) Answer: B
- 34.) Answer: E

- 35.) Answer: D
- 36.) Answer: D
- 37.) Answer: E
- 38.) Answer: A
- 39.) Answer: C
- 40.) Answer: B
- 41.) Answer: C
- 42.) Answer: E
- 43.) Answer: D
- 44.) Answer: A
- 45.) Answer: A
- 46.) Answer: E
- 47.) Answer: A
- 48.) Answer: B
- 49.) Answer: B
- 50.) Answer: E

51.) Describe the processes and social outcomes of urban renewal and gentrification in inner-city neighborhoods.

10

Filtering—change in house from single-family owner to rentals to potential abandonment; gentrification—converting poor inner-city neighborhood to middle-class and decline in tax base and heightened challenges of crime and lack of public services.

52.) Explain the process and consequences of redlining.

3

A process by which banks designate an area within which they refuse to lend money for improvements is based on previous redlining policies, minority groups in U.S. cities are more likely to be clustered in inner-city neighborhoods.

53.) Explain the process and consequences of filtering.

3

The process that includes subdividing a house from single-family owner occupancy to multiple occupancy is

During the process of filtering the owner may abandon the property because the rents that can be collected are less than the costs involved in upkeep.

54.) Using examples, explain suburban segregation, include the role of gated communities in your discussion.

6

Suburban Segregation Many suburbs display two forms of segregation:

- ▶ Segregation of **social classes**: Housing in given suburban community is usually built for people of a single social class, with others excluded by virtue of the cost, size, or location of the housing. Segregation by race and ethnicity also persists in some suburbs.
- ▶ Segregation of **land uses**: Residents are separated from commercial and manufacturing activities that are confined to compact, distinct areas. Gated communities can be sites of exclusion.

55.) In the history of the last 100 years, how is the automobile linked to urban sprawl?

3

Governmental – federal money for roads, social desire to own land, and limited public transportation. Those who could afford cars started to move away from the concentrated city centres into the more spacious suburbs. More disposable income allowed for greater travel allowances.

56.) Why are rivers and deserts used as physical boundaries? How can these either reduce or increase the likelihood of potential conflicts between states?

6

Can be difficult to navigate and cross. Lack of connection allows for reduced interactions and thus reduced confrontations or conflict. They form physical barriers between people. Because of their largely static nature, can be easier to agree on the defined nature of these borders. Less likely to change between generations.

57.) What are the two main nationalities on the island of Cyprus? Imagine that you are chosen to lead a UN effort to bring lasting peace to the island. What would your first priorities be? How would you begin to implement changes?

8

Cyprus is divided between Greek and Turkish nationalities that face difficulty in creating a unified state.

Improve communications, set up diplomatic and controlled spaces for open dialogue and change. Answer is dependent on students chosen strategy. Must be solution driven.

59.) All five shapes of states are represented by different countries in Africa. Using African examples identify and describe these 5 shapes of states.

Compact: efficient

Elongated: isolation

Prorupted: access or disruption

Perforated: South Africa

Fragmented: by water or another state, problematic

All five shapes are represented by different countries in Africa. Counterclockwise from top right: Uganda, Rwanda, and Burundi are compact. Democratic Republic of Congo and Namibia have prorptions. The Gambia is elongated. Angola is fragmented (by the DRC). South Africa is perforated by Lesotho.