



PROGRAM/IZIQU : BACHELOR OF ARTS/EDUCATION DEGREE

SUBJECT/ISIFUNDO : **ISIZULU 3A**

IKHODI : **IZU3A11 & IZU3AA3**

USUKU : WINTER EXAM JUNE 2020 / UKUHLOLA
KWAPHAKATHI NONYAKA
KUNHLANGULANA 2020

UBUDE BESIKHATHI : AMAHORA AMA-3

ISISINDO : 50 : 50

ISAMBA SAMAMAKI : 100

UMHLOLI : uMnmzane EDM SIBIYA

UMHLOLI WANGAPHANDLE : uDokotela SIPHO NTOMBELA

INANI LAMAKHASI: 3

IMIYALELO:

IZINCWADI AZIVUNYELWE

OKUNYE OKUDINGEKAYO:

AKUKHO.

IMIYALELO EYA KUBAFUNDI

PLEASE ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS. ANSWER IN ISIZULU ONLY.
/PHENDULA YONKE IMIBUZO. PHENDULA NGESIZULU KUPHELA.

ISIGABA A: IFONOLOJI

UMBUZO 1

- 1.1 Xoxa ngokuxhumana phakathi kwefonoloji nesinthekeksi ukhombise ngangezibonelo. (4)
Imisindo kumele ilandelane ngendlela ethile egameni ukuze lenze umqondo ophelele.
Igama liphinde libe nobudlelwano nelinye igama elisemshweni ukuze kwakheke umusho onomqondo. Izibonelo: **Umfana omfushane ushayiswe yimoto washona izolo.**
- 1.2 Kuyini ukulwangisa? Kwenzeka ngaphansi kwaziphi izimo? Khombisa ukuthi ukulwangisa kwenzeka kanjani. (20)
Kulo mbuzo abafundi kulindeleke bachaze ukuthi ukulwangisa kuyini. Uma sebechazile kumele basho ukuthi ukulwangisa kwenzeka ngaphansi kwezimo ezintathu, okungukunciphisa amabizo, ukwenza ondaweni kanye nokwenza impambosi yokwenziwa. Okwesithathu, kumele bakhombise ukuthi kwenzeka kanjani ukulwangisa nokuthi imisindo engondebembili nengonsinini ihlobana kanjani nemisindo engolwangeneni ephenduka ibe yibo lapho kulwangiswa. Lapha umfundi ulindeleke ukuthi abhale i-eseyi eyikhasi elilodwa kuya kwamabili.
- 1.3 Shono ukuthi izitatimende ezilandelayo ziyiqiniso noma ziyiphutha. (6)
- Unkamisa /e/ wunkamisa ongadilingene, ophezulu futhi ophambili. **iphutha**
 - Uma onkamisa belandelana kumele nakanjani omunye simeqe. **iphutha**
 - Uma onkamisa belandelana egameni siyangwaqazisa ngokuthanda. **iphutha**
 - Ngesikhathi sinkankazisa ompreshethwa baphenduka oqinisomfuthwa-mankankane.
 - Bonke ongwaqa esiZulwini abakwazi ukuba yilunga. **iphutha**
 - Ophimbohluka bangena ngaphansi kwesifundo semisindo, hhayi izincazelo. **iphutha**
- 1.4 Qhathanisa izinguquko zemisindo ezilandelayo: ukulumbana konkamisa nokungwaqazisa. (a) Chaza inguquko ngayinye, (b) chaza okufanayo ngalezi zinguquko, (c) chaza okungumehluko phakathi kwazo. Ngesikhathi uxoxa, khombisa nangezibonelo ukuthi lezi zinguquko zenzeka kanjani. (20)
Lapha umfundi kulindeleke ukuthi azi kabanzi ngezinguquko zemisindo ezithintekayo. Uma ukwazile ukuchaza inguquko ngayinye uzobe usuziqhathanisa lezi zinguquko ngokuthi ubheke izici ezifanayo ngalezi zinguquko kanye nalokho okungefani. Kulindeleke ukuthi ubhale i-eseyi eyikhasi elilodwa kuya kwamabili.

ISIGABA B: ISEMANTHIKSI**UMBUZO 2**

- 2.1 “Incazelo yamagama ayikho emagameni uqobo kepha isesivumelwaneni esikhona phakathi kwabantu abakhuluma lolu limi.”

Yenaba ngokuqondwe yile nkulimo eyinjulalwazi. Cacisa nangezibonelo. (5)

Igama lingaba nezincazelo eziningi lilinye. Lokhu sikubiza ngokuthi omabizwafane. Isibonelo: impukane, ukufunda. Amagama amabili angefani angachaza into eyodwa. Isibonelo:inja, ingcanga, umgodoyi. Womathathu la magama asho into eyodwa. Lokhu kusicacisela ngokusobala ukuthi abukho ubudlelwano obuqondile phakathi kwegama nencazelo yalo. Ayikho into eyenza ukuthiinja kube yinja, kodwa kwaba nokuvumelana phakathi kwabanikazi bolimi ukuthi banikeze izilwane nezinto ezithile lawo magama ezaziwa ngawo.

- 2.2 Khombisa ukuthi igama ngalinye lingaphinyiswa ngezindlela ezimbili ezahlukenengokusebenzisa izimpawu ezifanele; bese uwasebenzisa emishweni emibili ukukhombisa ukwehlukana kwezincazelo. (20)

Kulo mbuzo umfundi kulindeleke ukuthi akhombise igama ngalinye ukuthi lingaphinyiswa ngezindlela ezimbili ezahlukenengokwenza ukuthi libe nezincazelo ezimbili. Umfundi usebenzisa izimpawu ezifanele ukukhombisa ukuthi umsindo uyakhuphuka noma uyehla yini ezindaweni ezithile.

- a) ingahlatshwa
- b) umuzi
- c) ugogo
- d) umzala
- e) angimthandi

- 2.3 Bhala omqondofana bamagama alandelayo. (5)

- a) isimokolo – umsindo
- b) iphumalimi – umLungu
- c) imfene – indangala; imbuzimawa
- d) isothamlilo – umuntu
- e) ichelezo - ikhanda

ISIGABA C: ISINTHEKSI**UMBUZO 3**

- 3.1 Xoxa ngezinhlobo zemisho uchaze nomehluko phakathi kwazo. Khombisa nangezibonelo ezimbili uhlobo ngalunye. (10)

Zintathu izinhlobo zemisho umfundi okulindeleke ukuthi akhulume ngazo lapha: umusho oqondile, umusho ombaxa kanye nomusho omagatshagatsha. Uma umfundi esezichazile lezi zinhlobo zemisho nokuthi zehlukana kanjani, uzobe esenikeza izibonelo ezimbili uhlobo lomusho ngalunye.

- 3.2 Xoxa ngesintheksi yesenzo kanye neyebizo ubonise nangezibonelo ezifanele. Yehluka kanjani isintheksi yesenzo kuleyo yebizo. (10)

Isenzo singaba yisilandiso. Isibonelo: Umfana udlala ikhilikithi. Isenzo singaba yisichasiso emshweni. Isibonelo: Umfana odlala ikhilikithi ulimele. Ibizo lingaba yinhloko yomusho, libe wumenziwa emshweni, liphinde lesekele igama elingakwazi ukuzimela. Nazi izibonelo: Umfana uyadlala. Umama ubiza umfana. Uthisha uhamba nomfana wakhe uma eya esikoleni.

ISAMBA SAMAMAKI: [100]